# Higgs boson pair production in gluon fusion at full NLO



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 full mass dependence in NLO -10% real radiation ("FTapprox")



Frederix, Hirschi, Mattelaer, Maltoni, Torrielli, Vryonidou, Zaro '14; Maltoni, Vryonidou, Zaro '14



**NNLO** in  $m_t \rightarrow \infty$  limit: +20%

- total xs NNLO De Florian, Mazzitelli '13
- including all matching coefficients Grigo, Melnikov, Steinhauser '14
- supplemented with  $1/m_t$  expansion: Grigo, Hoff, Steinhauser '15
- soft gluon resummation NNLL matched to NNLO De Florian, Mazzitelli '15 +9%
- differential NNLO De Florian, Grazzini, Hanga, Kallweit, Lindert, Maierhöfer, Mazzitelli, Rathlev '16





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#### NLO calculation with full top mass dependence

Borowka, Greiner, GH, Jones, Kerner, Schlenk, Schubert, Zirke '16

4 independent scales s12, s23, mH, mt all integrals calculated **numerically** with

#### SecDec

Borowka, GH, Jones, Kerner, Schlenk, Zirke '15 Borowka, GH, Jahn, Jones, Kerner, Schlenk, Zirke '17



 $q_T$  resummation NLL+NLO

Ferrera, Pires '16



# calculation: building blocks

- amplitude generation with GoSam-2loop (python, QGRAF, FORM) [N.Greiner, S.Jahn, S.Jones, M.Kerner]
- amplitude reduction with Reduze [C. Studerus, A. v.Manteuffel]
- non-planar integrals computed mostly without reduction
- all integrals calculated numerically with SecDec
- total number of integrals:
  - before reduction: ~10000, after reduction ~330, after sector decomposition 11244 (3086 non-planar)
  - used finite basis for planar integrals
- real radiation:
  - (a) GoSam-1L + Catani-Seymour dipole subtraction
  - (b) GoSam-1L + POWHEG







## http://secdec.hepforge.org

SecDec is hosted by Hepforge, IPPP Durham



Download version 1.1 of pySecDec as pySecDec-1.1.tar.gz. The manual is available here.

The first release version of pySecDec can be downloaded as pySecDec-1.0.tar.gz. The manual is available here. See also the corresponding paper arXiv:1703.09692.

Version 3.0 of the program can be downloaded as SecDec-3.0.9.tar.gz. The manual for this version is available here.

 algorithm:
 T. Binoth, GH '00

 version 1.0:
 J. Carter, GH '10

 version 2.0:
 S.Borowka, J. Carter, GH '12

 version 3.0:
 S.Borowka, GH, S.Jones, M.Kerner, J.Schlenk, T.Zirke '15

 pySecDec:
 S.Borowka, GH, S.Jahn, S.Jones, M.Kerner, M.Kerner, J.Schlenk, T.Zirke '17

# top mass effects

 $\mu_0 = m_{HH}/2$ total cross sections at 14 TeV

	$\sigma_{\rm LO}[{\rm fb}]$	$\sigma_{\rm NLO}[{\rm fb}]$	$\sigma_{\rm NNLO}[{\rm fb}]$
IEFT	$17.07^{+30.9\%}_{-22.2\%}$	$31.93^{+17.6\%}_{-15.2\%}$	$37.52^{+5.2\%}_{-7.6\%}$
3-i. HEFT	$19.85^{+27.6\%}_{-20.5\%}$	$38.32^{+18.1\%}_{-14.9\%}$	
$FT_{approx}$	$19.85^{+27.6\%}_{-20.5\%}$	$34.26^{+14.7\%}_{-13.2\%}$	
ull $m_t$ dep.	$19.85^{+27.6\%}_{-20.5\%}$	$32.91^{+13.6\%}_{-12.6\%}$	

PDF4LHC15\_nlo\_30\_pdfas  $\sigma'_{NNLL} = \sigma_{NNLL} + \delta_t \, \sigma_{NLO}^{\text{HEFT}} = 39.64^{+4.4\%}_{-6.0\%}$  $m_H = 125 \,\text{GeV}, \, m_t = 173 \,\text{GeV}$ uncertainties:  $\mu_{R,F} \in [\mu_0/2, 2\mu_0]$  (7-point variation) Max-Planck-Institut für Physik (Werner-Heisenberg-Institut

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# Higgs boson pair invariant mass



#### for large invariant masses:

Born-improved NLO HEFT overestimates by about 50%, FTapprox by about 40% (at 14 TeV, worse at 100 TeV)

top quark loops resolved --> HEFT has wrong scaling behaviour at high energies





# top mass effects: II. distributions

#### transverse momentum of one of the Higgs bosons



#### Born-improved NLO HEFT very poor at large pT





# scaling behaviour



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# NLO-improved NNLO HEFT

## NNLO HEFT:

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De Florian, Grazzini, Hanga, Kallweit, Lindert, Maierhöfer, Mazzitelli, Rathlev, arXiv:1606.09519

#### what we did in arXiv:1608.04798:



bin-by-bin rescaling at observable level by NNLO HEFT K-factor





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GH, S.Jones, M.Kerner, G.Luisoni, E.Vryonidou 1703.09252

- avoid evaluation of two-loop amplitude for each phase space point
- two-loop amplitude depends only on  $\hat{s}, \hat{t} \quad (m_t, m_H \text{ fixed})$

construct 2-dim grid

variable transformation to achieve more uniform distribution

$$x = f(\beta(\hat{s})), \quad c_{\theta} = |\cos \theta| = \left| \frac{\hat{s} + 2\hat{t} - 2m_{H}^{2}}{\hat{s}\beta(\hat{s})} \right| \quad \beta(\hat{s}) = \sqrt{1 - 4m_{H}^{2}/\hat{s}}$$

- choose f according to cumulative distribution of phase space points
- use SciPy package for interpolation [Clough, Tocher]





#### combination with both POWHEG and MadGraph5\_aMC@NLO

- different matching schemes
- same shower (Pythia 8.2)
- no Higgs decays, no hadronisation





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POWHEG User-Process-V2/ggHH







combination with both POWHEG and MadGraph5\_aMC@NLO

- different matching schemes
- same shower (Pythia 8.2)
- no Higgs decays, no hadronisation

POWHEG User-Process-V2/ggHH



combination with Herwig 7.1 and Sherpa is on the way





#### compare fixed order and showered results



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#### dependence on shower starting scale



#### compare different approximations



shower effects large but order(s) of magnitude smaller than difference to Born-improved HEFT

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# Summary

- Born-improved HEFT approximation fails to describe tails of distributions
- FTapprox does a decent job for distributions/regions dominated by real radiation
- mass effects more important than shower effects
- numerical methods for 2-loop integrals can prove very useful in cases where analytic results are not available





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## "NNLO" effects (HEFT)



hdamp limits amount of  
exponentiated hard radiation  
$$R_{\rm sing} = R \times F ,$$
$$R_{\rm reg} = R \times (1 - F)$$
$$F = \frac{h^2}{(p_T^{\rm hh})^2 + h^2}$$

basic HEFT approximation

LHE: Les Houches event level default hdamp= $\infty$  close to NNLO in the tail





#### compare POWHEG and MG5\_aMC@NLO



## variation of triple Higgs coupling

$$\lambda = \lambda_{BSM} / \lambda_{SM}$$



cross section has a minimum around  $\lambda=2~$  due to destructive interference between diagrams containing  $~\lambda~$  and box-type diagrams

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## variation of triple Higgs coupling



#### distributions have discriminating power

full analysis requires inclusion of other operators, e.g.  $t\bar{t}hh$  coupling



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