

# Higgs summary (theory)

Robert Harlander  
RWTH Aachen University

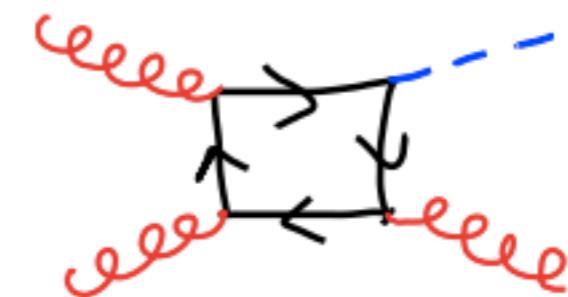
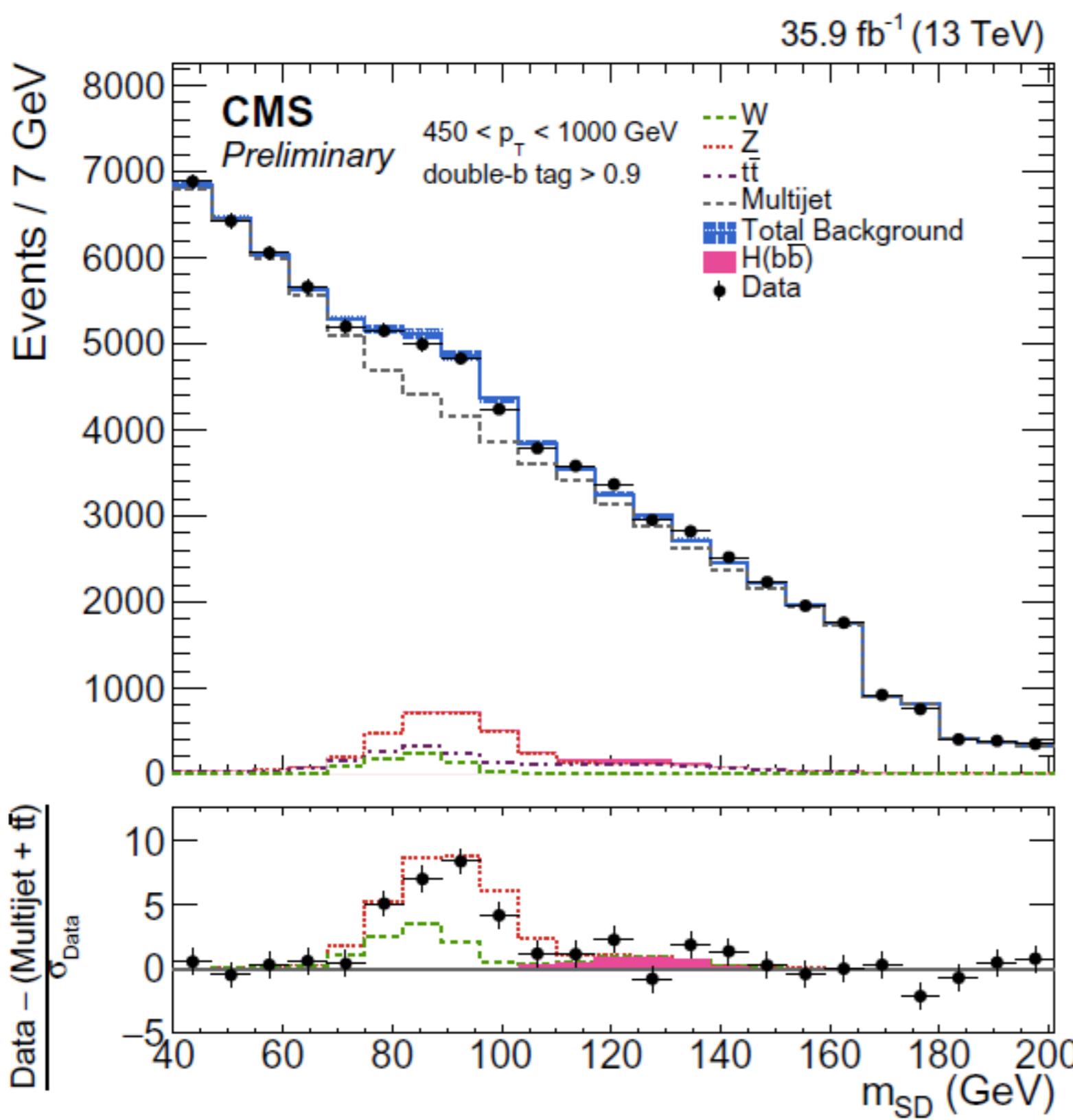
Les Houches 2017

- 16 “official” sessions
- 35 “official” members



- OFF-SHELL: QFS EFFECTS SINORGE, RAOUL, [FABRIZIO] [+?] NUCLEUS
- VBF: JET DYNAMICS [M. RAUCH, FRÉDÉRIC, JOEL] SINUN? [FABRIZIO]  
+ ggF JERPE
- STXS :- PRESENTATION OF RESULTS [NB, MD, JB, FT, Luca, Carlo, Markus]
  - PAR. OF UNC. VBF, VH (QCD, EW) [ — " — , " " Frédéric]
  - t̄tH [Kerstin]

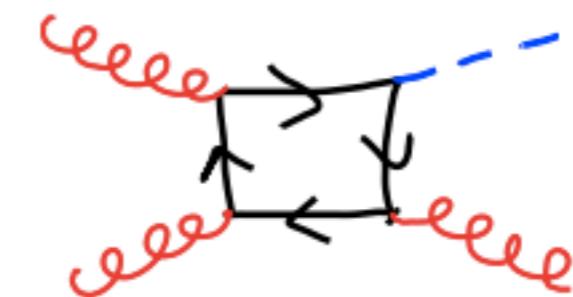
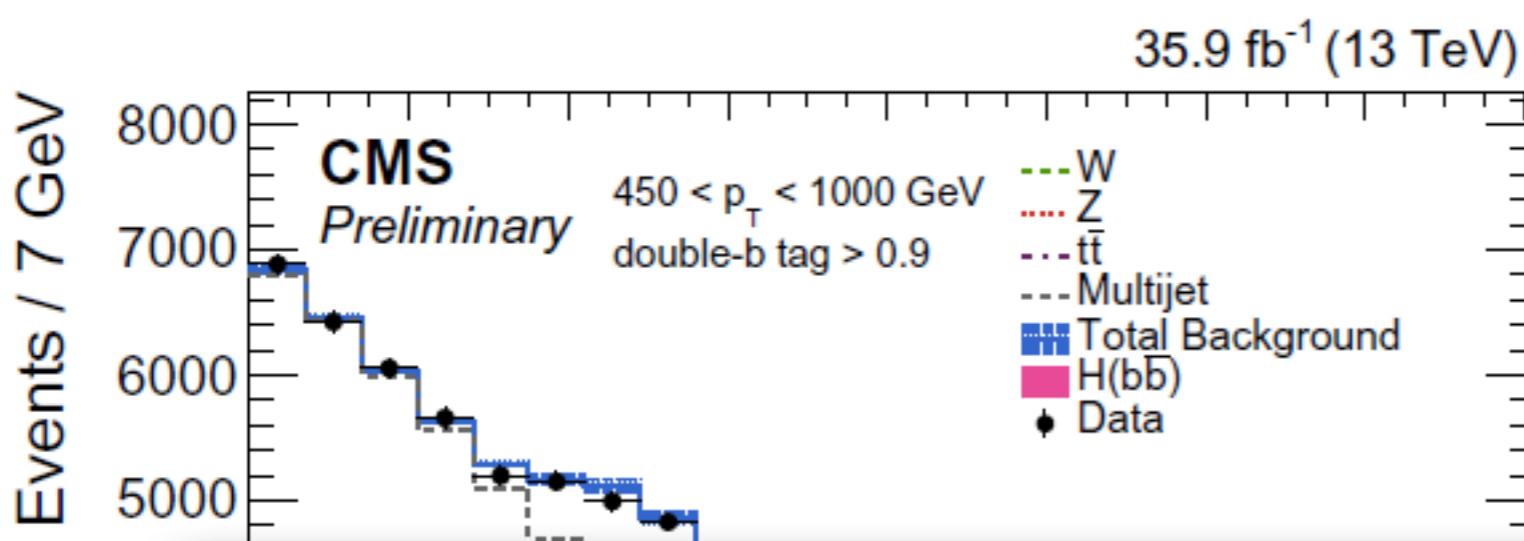
# Higgs @ large $p_T$ :



only known to LO!

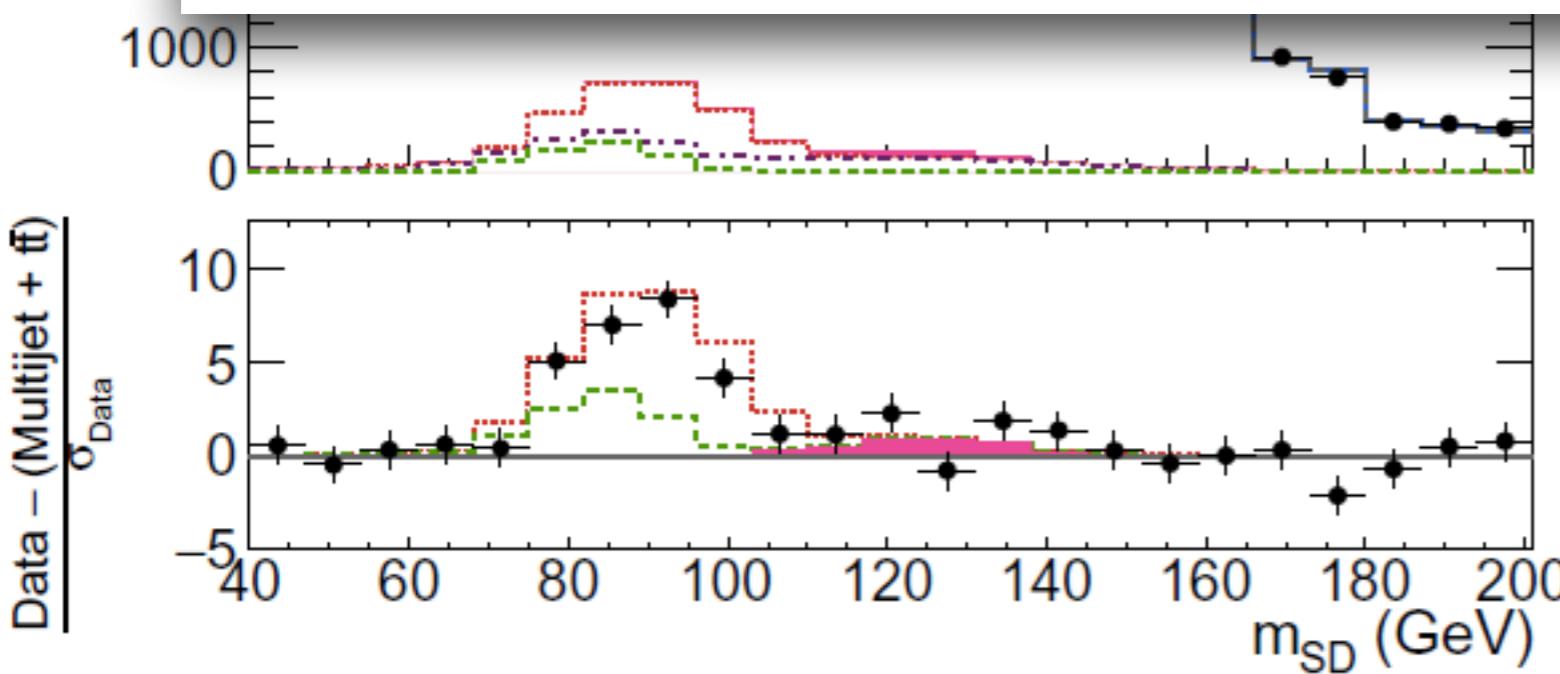
CMS-PAS-HIG-17-010

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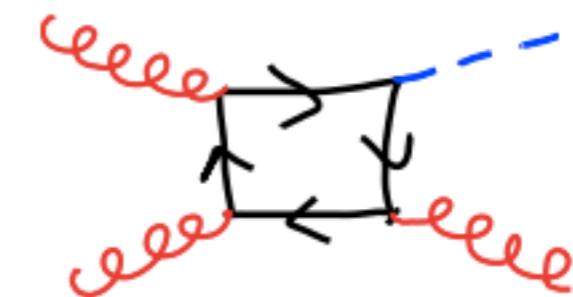
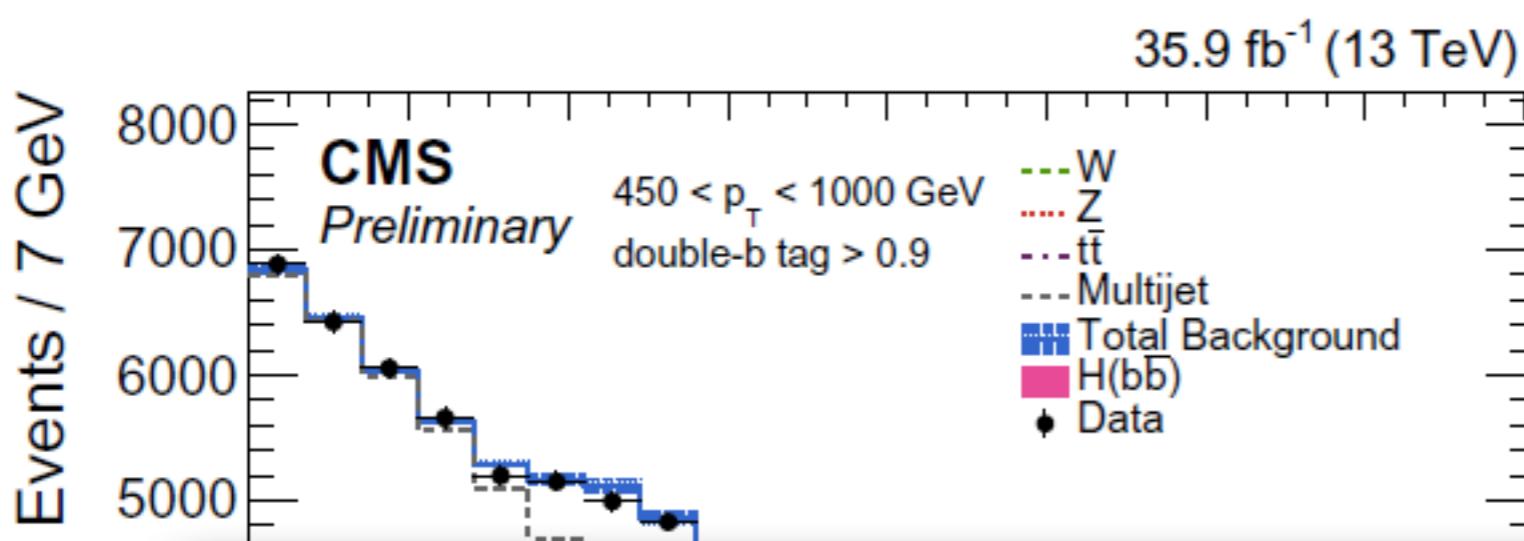
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$$\text{GF } H(\text{NNLO} + m_t) = \text{Powheg}(1 \text{ jet } m_t \rightarrow \infty) \times \frac{\text{MG LO } 0 - 2 \text{ jet } m_t}{\text{Powheg}(1 \text{ jet } m_t \rightarrow \infty)} \times \\ \times \frac{\text{NLO 1 jet } m_t}{\text{LO 1 jet } m_t} \times \frac{\text{NNLO 1 jet } m_t \rightarrow \infty}{\text{NLO 1 jet } m_t \rightarrow \infty}.$$



CMS-PAS-HIG-17-010

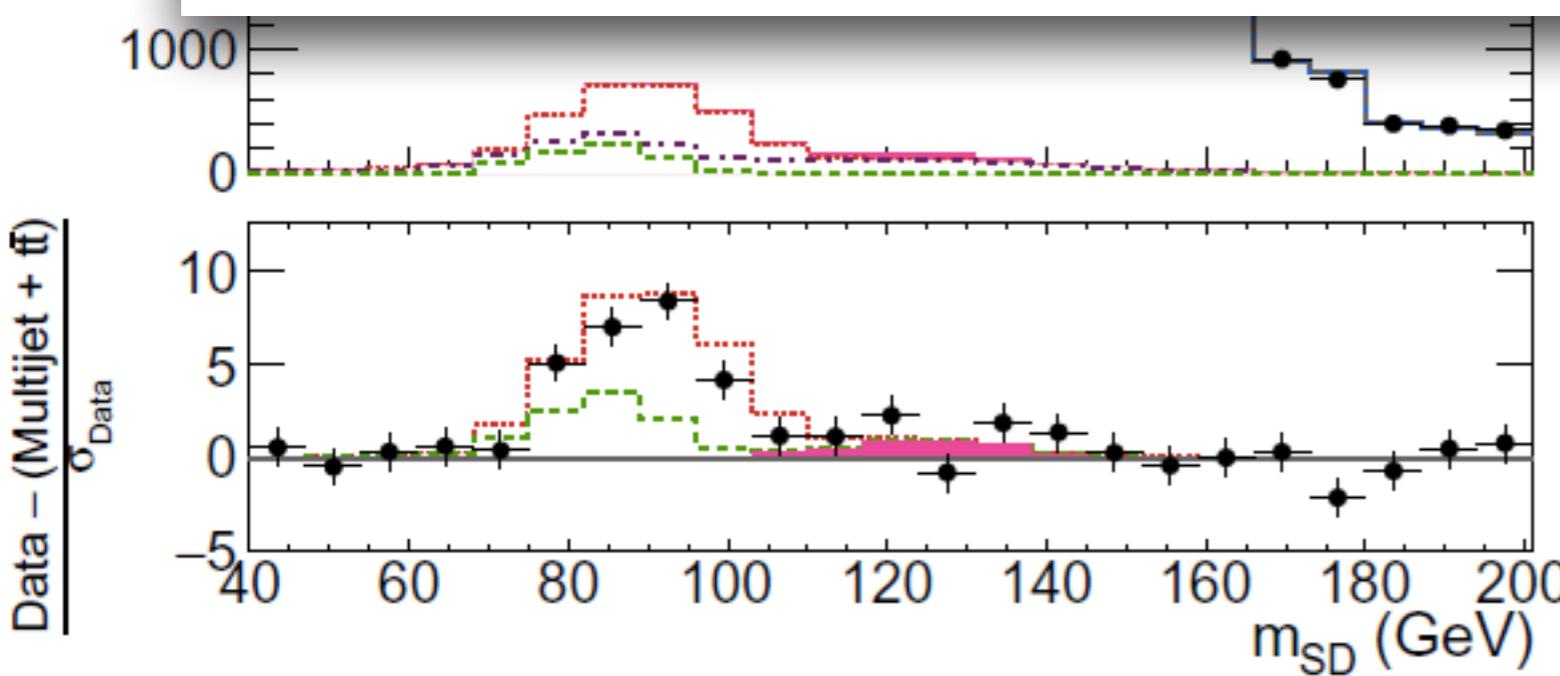
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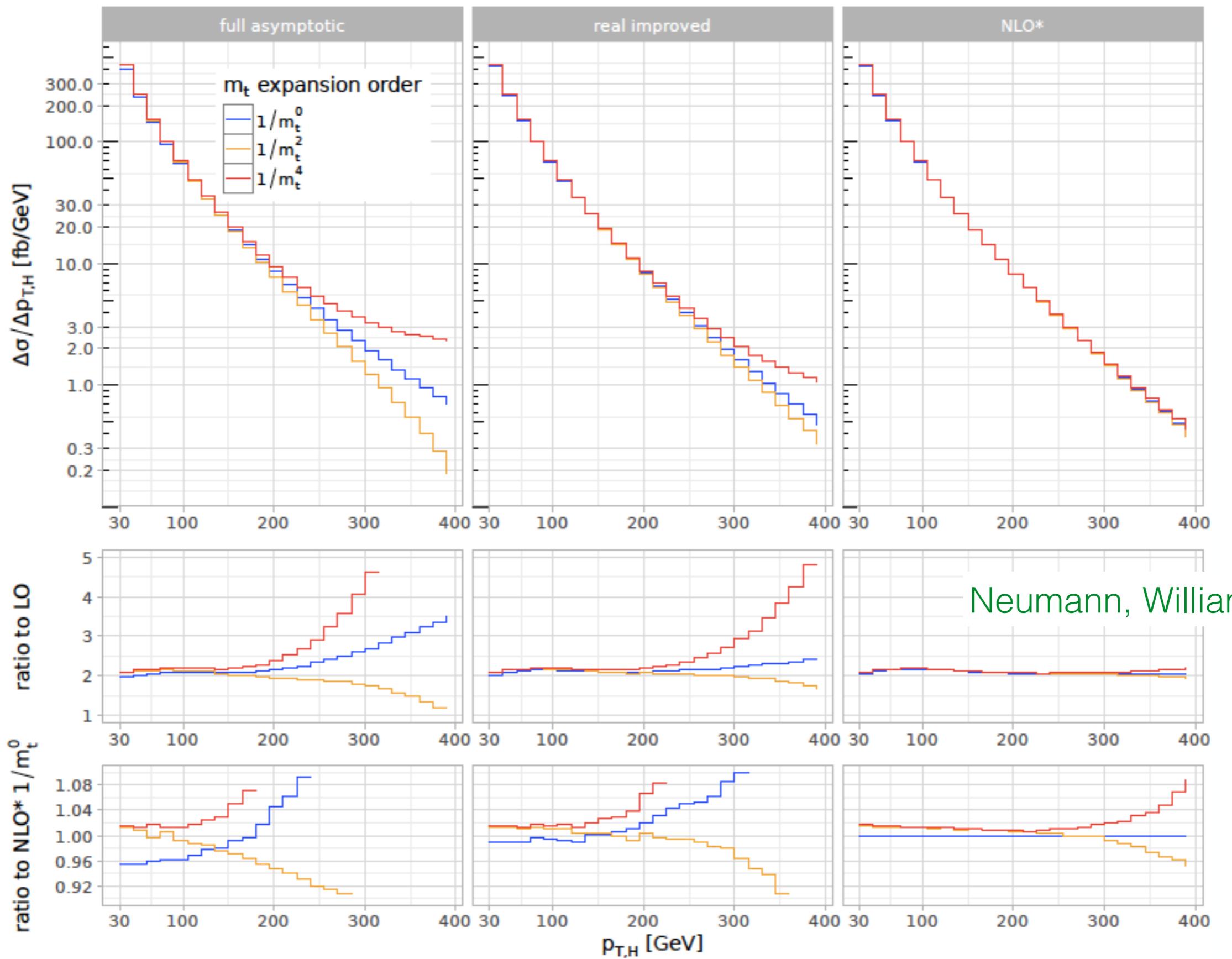
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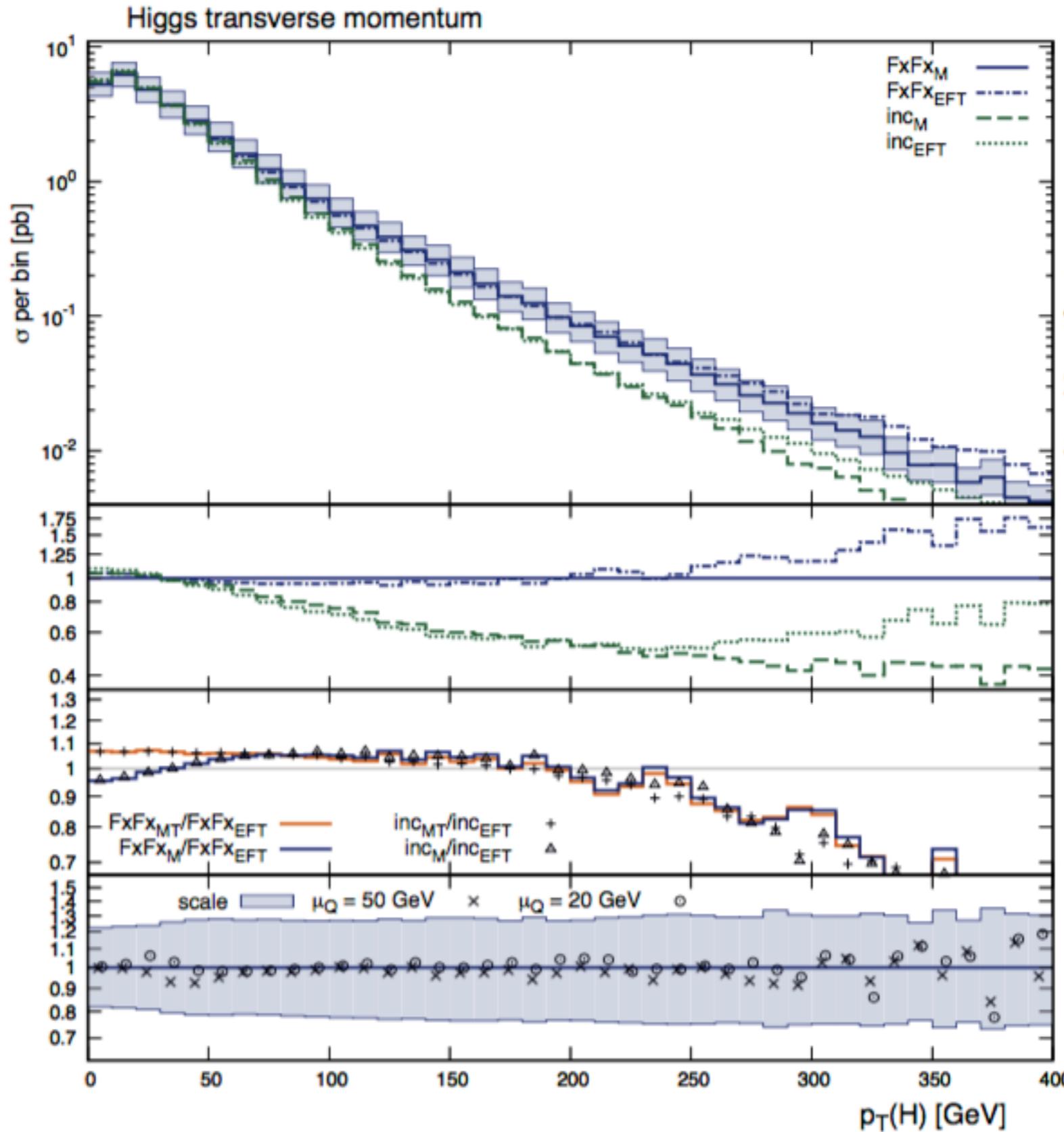
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$$\times \frac{\text{NLO 1 jet } m_t}{\text{LO 1 jet } m_t} \times \frac{\text{NNLO 1 jet } m_t \rightarrow \infty}{\text{NLO 1 jet } m_t \rightarrow \infty}.$$

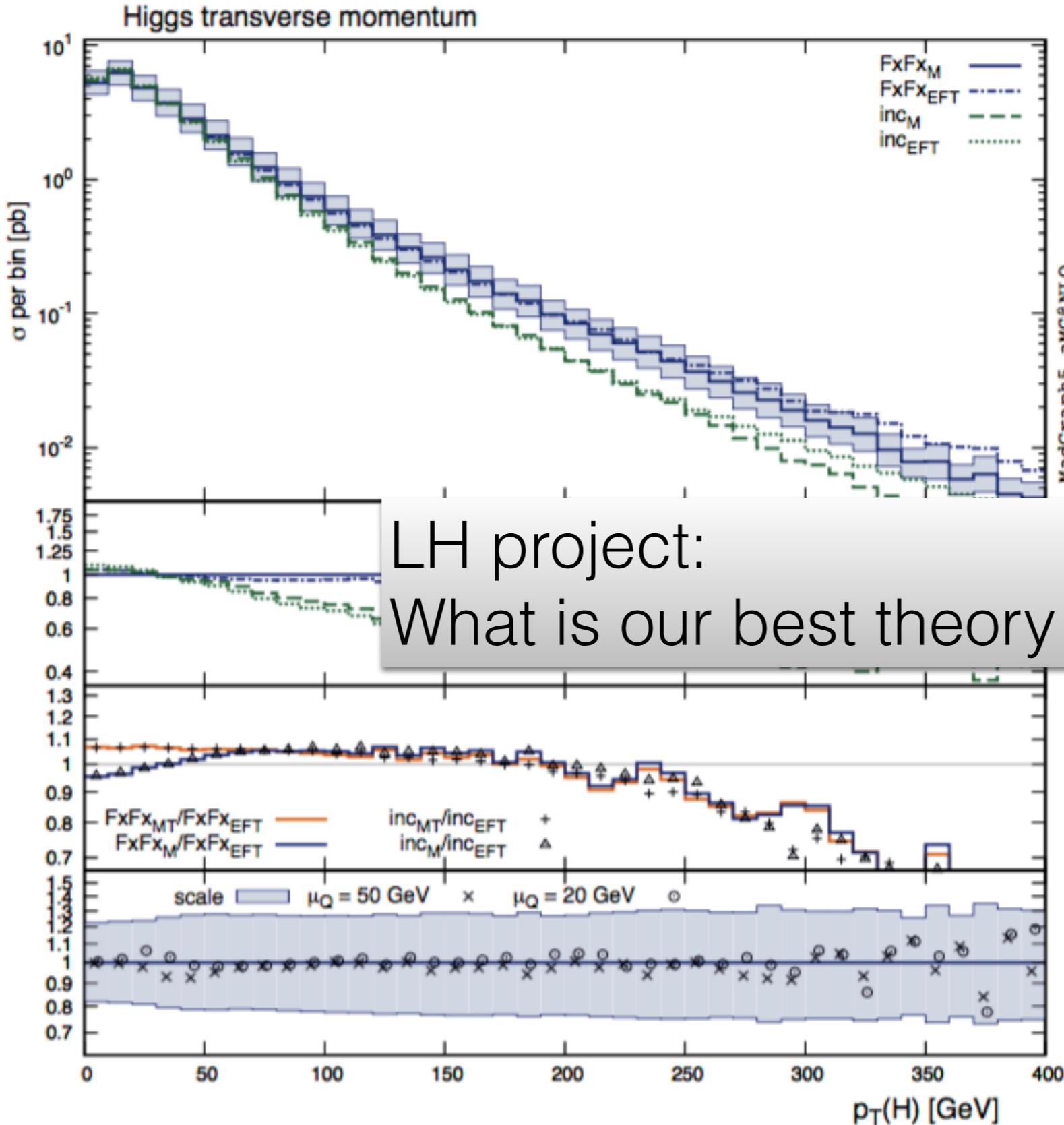


CMS-PAS-HIG-17-010





Frederix, Frixione,  
Vryonidou,  
Wiesemann '17

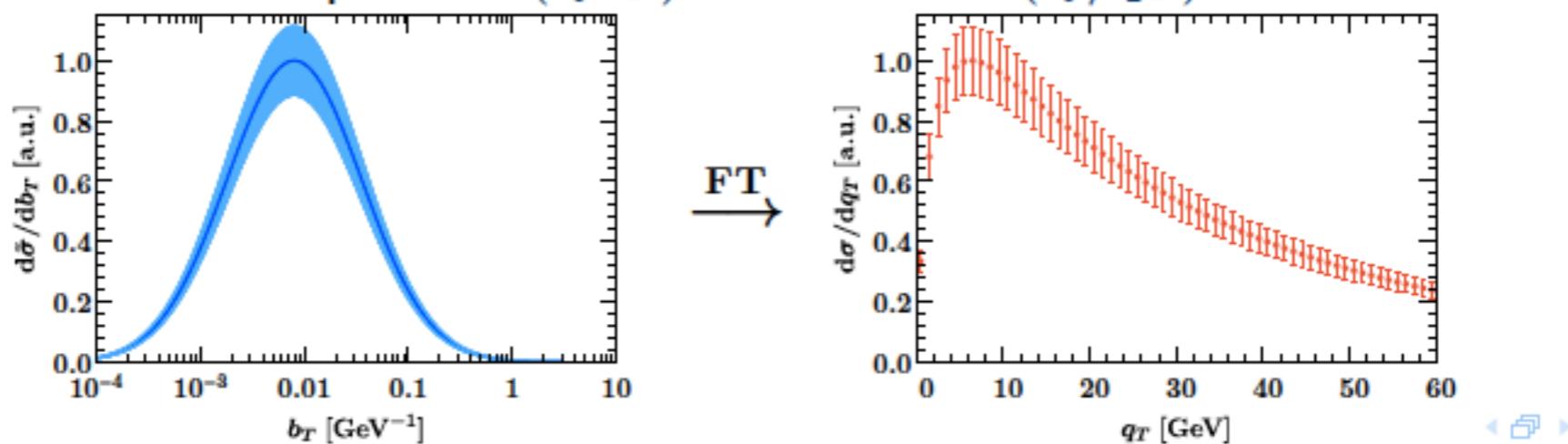


Frederix, Frixione,  
Vryonidou,  
Wiesemann '17

# $p_T$ resummation in $p_T$ space:

## Motivation.

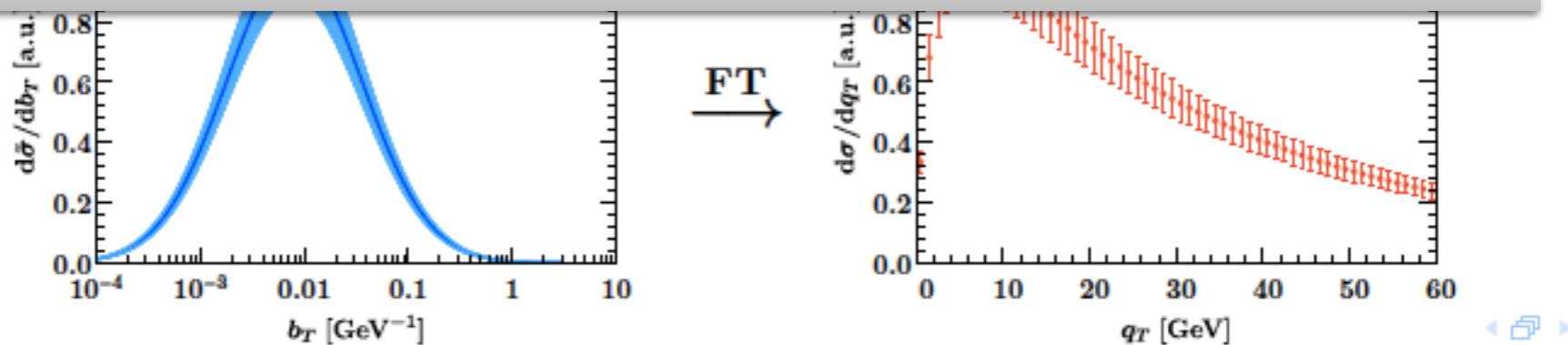
- Transverse momenta  $q_T \ll m_H$  are dominated by Sudakov logarithms  $\alpha_s^n \ln^m(q_T/m_H)$ ,  $m < 2n \rightarrow$  Resummation to all orders is necessary
- Resummation is well understood since [Collins, Soper, Sterman '85]
- Resummation carried out mostly in Fourier space  $\vec{b}_T$   
DYRes [Catani, de Florian, Ferrera, Grazzini '15 ...], HRes [de Florian, Ferrera, Grazzini, Tommasini '12 ...], ResBos [Wang, Li<sup>3</sup>, Yuan '12 ...], CuTe [Becher, Neubert, Wilhelm '12], [D'Alesio, Echevarria, Melis, Scimemi '14], [Echevarria, Kasemets, Mulders, Pisano '15], [Neill, Rothstein, Vaidya '15], arTeMiDe [Scimemi, Vladimirov '17], ...
  - ▶ Resums  $\ln(Qb_T)$  rather than  $\ln(Q/q_T)$
  - ▶ Theory uncertainties are estimated in Fourier space:  
Scale variations probe  $\ln(Qb_T)$  rather than  $\ln(Q/q_T)$



# $p_T$ resummation in $p_T$ space:

## Motivation.

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  - ▶ Resums  $\ln(Qb_T)$  rather than  $\ln(Q/q_T)$
- avoid Landau pole from  $\alpha_s(1/b)$ ?
- need to treat azimuthal cancellations carefully



$$\begin{aligned}
& \sigma(\vec{q}_T) = \sigma_0 H(Q, \mu_H) \frac{1}{2\pi q_T} \frac{d}{dq_T} \int_{|\vec{p}_T| \leq q_T} d^2 \vec{p}_T \xleftarrow{\text{distributional scale setting}} \\
& \times \exp \left[ \int_{\mu_H}^{\mu_T} \frac{d\mu'}{\mu'} \gamma_H(Q, \mu') \right] \int d^2 \vec{k}_a d^2 \vec{k}_b d^2 \vec{k}_s \delta(\vec{p}_T - \vec{k}_a - \vec{k}_b - \vec{k}_s) \\
& \times \int d^2 \vec{k}'_s \left[ \delta(\vec{k}_s - \vec{k}'_s) \xleftarrow{\nu \text{ evolution}} \right. \\
& + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \prod_{i=1}^n \int_{\vec{k}_{i-1} \downarrow}^{\nu_{i-1}} \frac{d\nu_i}{\nu_i} \int d^2 \vec{k}_i \gamma_\nu(\vec{k}_{i-1} - \vec{k}_i, \mu_T) \delta\left(\vec{k}_s - \vec{k}'_s - \sum_i \vec{k}_i\right) \\
& \times B_a(\omega_a, \vec{k}_a, \mu_T, \nu_a) B_b(\omega_b, \vec{k}_b, \mu_T, \nu_b) S(\vec{k}'_s, \mu_T, \vec{k}'_s \downarrow) \xleftarrow{\nu\text{-logs minimized}}
\end{aligned}$$

Ebert, F. Tackmann '17

# Momentum space formulation

Result can be expressed as

$$\frac{d\Sigma(v)}{d\Phi_B} = \int_{C_1} \frac{dN_1}{2\pi i} \int_{C_2} \frac{dN_2}{2\pi i} x_1^{-N_1} x_2^{-N_2} \sum_{c_1, c_2} \frac{d|M_B|_{c_1 c_2}^2}{d\Phi_B} \mathbf{f}_{N_1}^T(\mu_0) \hat{\Sigma}_{N_1, N_2}^{c_1, c_2}(v) \mathbf{f}_{N_2}(\mu_0)$$

Result valid for all inclusive observables (e.g.  $p_T, \phi^*$ )

$$V(k) = d_l g_l(\phi) \frac{k_T}{M}$$

unresolved emission + virtual corrections

resolved emission

need some care in the treatment of the hard-collinear emissions

DGLAP anomalous dimensions

RG evolution of coefficient functions

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{\Sigma}_{N_1, N_2}^{c_1, c_2}(v) = & \left[ C_{N_1}^{c_1; T}(\alpha_s(\mu_0)) H(\mu_R) C_{N_2}^{c_2}(\alpha_s(\mu_0)) \right] \int_0^M \frac{dk_{t1}}{k_{t1}} \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\phi_1}{2\pi} \\ & \times e^{-R(\epsilon k_{t1})} \exp \left\{ - \sum_{\ell=1}^2 \left( \int_{\epsilon k_{t1}}^{\mu_0} \frac{dk_t}{k_t} \frac{\alpha_s(k_t)}{\pi} \Gamma_{N_\ell}(\alpha_s(k_t)) + \int_{\epsilon k_{t1}}^{\mu_0} \frac{dk_t}{k_t} \Gamma_{N_\ell}^{(C)}(\alpha_s(k_t)) \right) \right\} \\ & \sum_{\ell_1=1}^2 \left( R'_{\ell_1}(k_{t1}) + \frac{\alpha_s(k_{t1})}{\pi} \Gamma_{N_{\ell_1}}(\alpha_s(k_{t1})) + \Gamma_{N_{\ell_1}}^{(C)}(\alpha_s(k_{t1})) \right) \\ & \times \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n!} \prod_{i=2}^{n+1} \int_{\epsilon}^1 \frac{d\zeta_i}{\zeta_i} \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\phi_i}{2\pi} \sum_{\ell_i=1}^2 \left( R'_{\ell_i}(k_{ti}) + \frac{\alpha_s(k_{ti})}{\pi} \Gamma_{N_{\ell_i}}(\alpha_s(k_{ti})) + \Gamma_{N_{\ell_i}}^{(C)}(\alpha_s(k_{ti})) \right) \\ & \times \Theta(v - V(\{\tilde{p}\}, k_1, \dots, k_{n+1})) \end{aligned}$$

Formulation **equivalent to b-space** result (up to a scheme change in the anomalous dimensions)

$$\frac{d^2\Sigma(v)}{d\Phi_B dp_t} = \sum_{c_1, c_2} \frac{d|M_B|_{c_1 c_2}^2}{d\Phi_B} \int b db p_t J_0(p_t b) \mathbf{f}^T(b_0/b) C_{N_1}^{c_1; T}(\alpha_s(b_0/b)) H(M) C_{N_2}^{c_2}(\alpha_s(b_0/b)) \mathbf{f}(b_0/b)$$

$$\times \exp \left\{ - \sum_{\ell=1}^2 \int_0^M \frac{dk_t}{k_t} R'_\ell(k_t) (1 - J_0(bk_t)) \right\}$$

$$(1 - J_0(bk_t)) \simeq \Theta(k_t - \frac{b_0}{b}) + \frac{\zeta_3}{12} \frac{\partial^3}{\partial \ln(Mb/b_0)^3} \Theta(k_t - \frac{b_0}{b})$$

[Monni, Re, Torrielli, Phys.Rev.Lett. 116 (2016) no.24, 242001]  
 [Bizon, Monni, Re, LR, Torrielli, 1705.09127]

## Verification: LL cross section without $\alpha_s$ -running.

Solution in distribution space:

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma(\vec{q}_T) = \sigma_0 \frac{1}{2\pi q_T} \frac{d}{dq_T} \theta(q_T) f_a(\omega_a, q_T) f_b(\omega_b, q_T) \exp\left[-\frac{\Gamma_C}{2} \ln^2 \frac{Q^2}{q_T^2}\right] \\ \times \left[ 1 - 2\Gamma_C^2 \zeta_3 \ln \frac{Q^2}{q_T^2} + \Gamma_C^3 \left( \frac{2\zeta_3}{3} \ln^3 \frac{Q^2}{q_T^2} + 6\zeta_5 \ln \frac{Q^2}{q_T^2} \right) \right. \\ + \Gamma_C^4 \left( -4\zeta_5 \ln^3 \frac{Q^2}{q_T^2} + 10\zeta_3^2 \ln^2 \frac{Q^2}{q_T^2} - 30\zeta_7 \ln \frac{Q^2}{q_T^2} \right) \\ \left. + \mathcal{O}(\Gamma_C^5) \right]\end{aligned}$$

- Exponential resums  $\ln(Q/q_T)$  at LL
- Many apparent-subleading terms arise from rapidity evolution
- These have no simple exponential structure

## Verification: LL cross section without $\alpha_s$ -running.

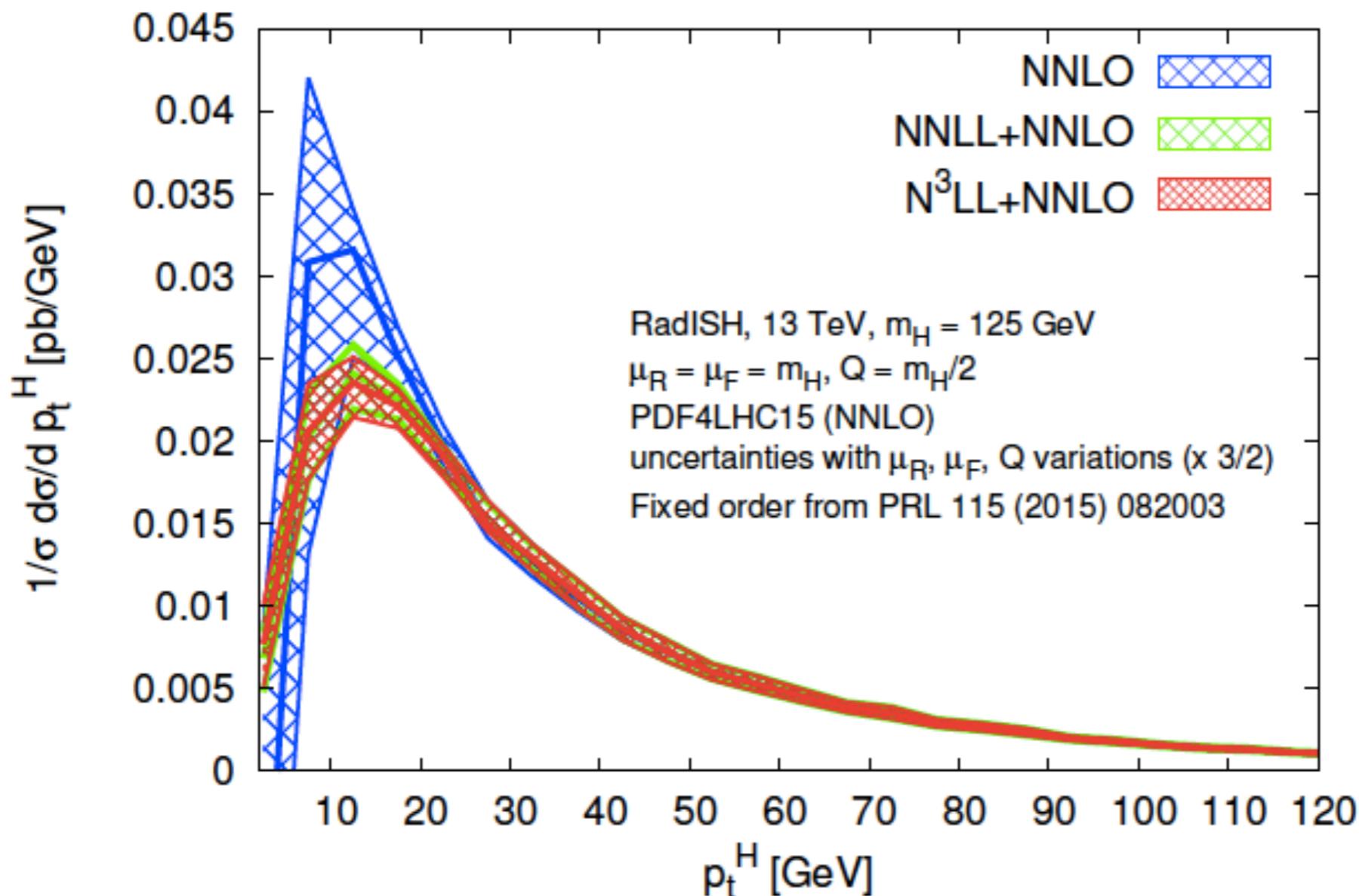
Solution in Fourier space:

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma(\vec{q}_T) &= \sigma_0 \frac{1}{2\pi q_T} \frac{d}{dq_T} \theta(q_T) f_a(\omega_a, q_T) f_b(\omega_b, q_T) \exp\left[-\frac{\Gamma_C}{2} \ln^2 \frac{Q^2}{q_T^2}\right] \\ &\quad \times \left[ 1 - 2\Gamma_C^2 \zeta_3 \ln \frac{Q^2}{q_T^2} + \Gamma_C^3 \left( \frac{2\zeta_3}{3} \ln^3 \frac{Q^2}{q_T^2} + 6\zeta_5 \ln \frac{Q^2}{q_T^2} - \frac{10}{3} \zeta_3^2 \right) \right. \\ &\quad + \Gamma_C^4 \left( -4\zeta_5 \ln^3 \frac{Q^2}{q_T^2} + 10\zeta_3^2 \ln^2 \frac{Q^2}{q_T^2} - 30\zeta_7 \ln \frac{Q^2}{q_T^2} + 28\zeta_3\zeta_5 \right) \\ &\quad \left. + \mathcal{O}(\Gamma_C^5) \right] \\ &= \sigma_0 f_a(\omega_a, \mu) f_b(\omega_b, \mu) \int \frac{d^2 \vec{b}_T}{(2\pi)^2} e^{i\vec{b}_T \cdot \vec{q}_T} \exp\left[-\frac{\Gamma_C}{2} \ln^2 \frac{Q^2 b_T^2}{4e^{-2\gamma_E}}\right]\end{aligned}$$

- Simple Sudakov exponential in Fourier space → solution well-defined
- Induces same apparent-subleading terms as distributional solution
- Differ only by *constant* terms  
→ Intrinsically different boundary condition than distribution space



# $gg \rightarrow H$   $p_T$ distribution

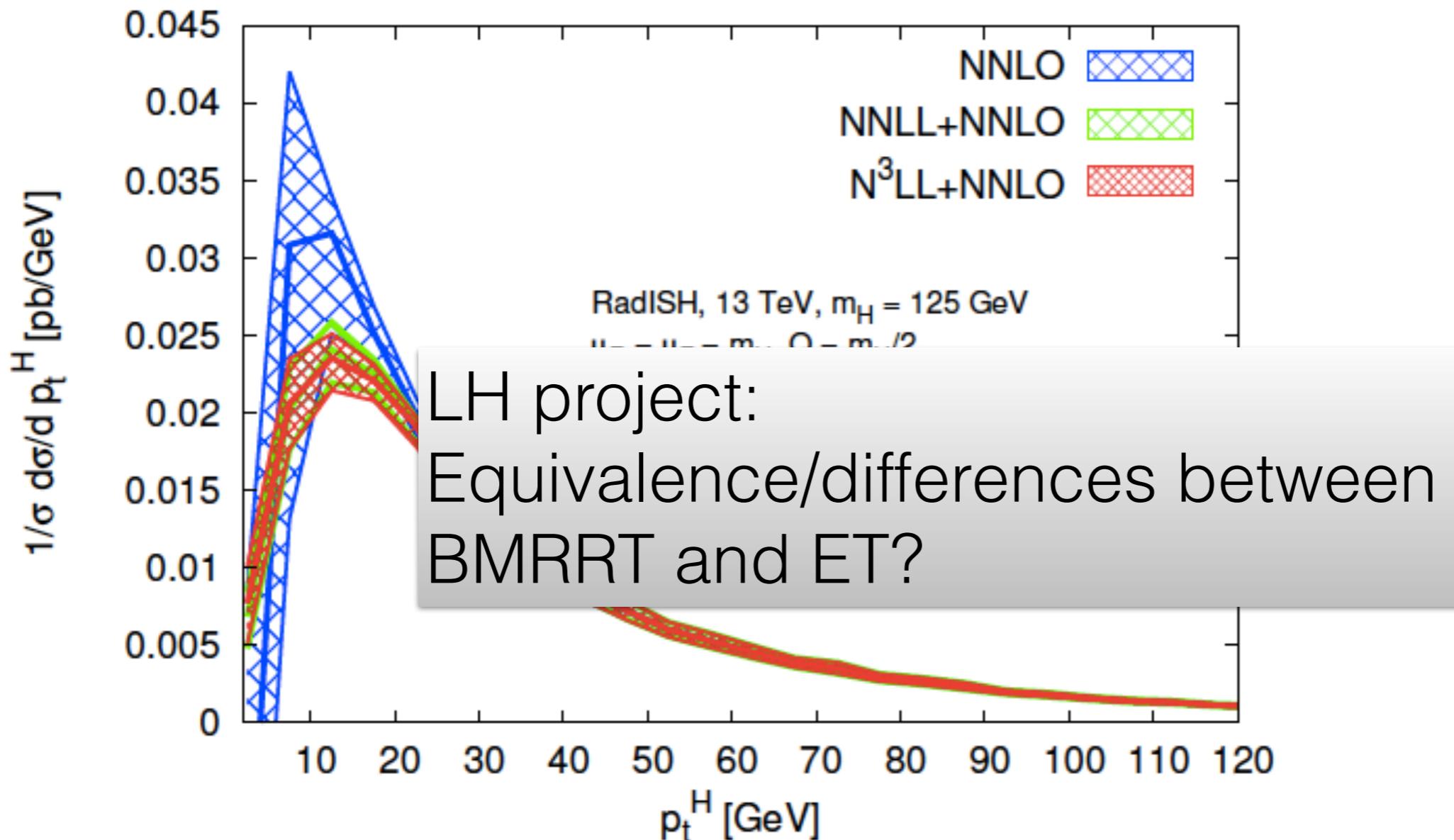


Bizoń, Monni, Re, Rottoli,  
Torrielli '17

using NNLO from

Boughezal, Caola, Melnikov,  
Petriello, Schulze '15

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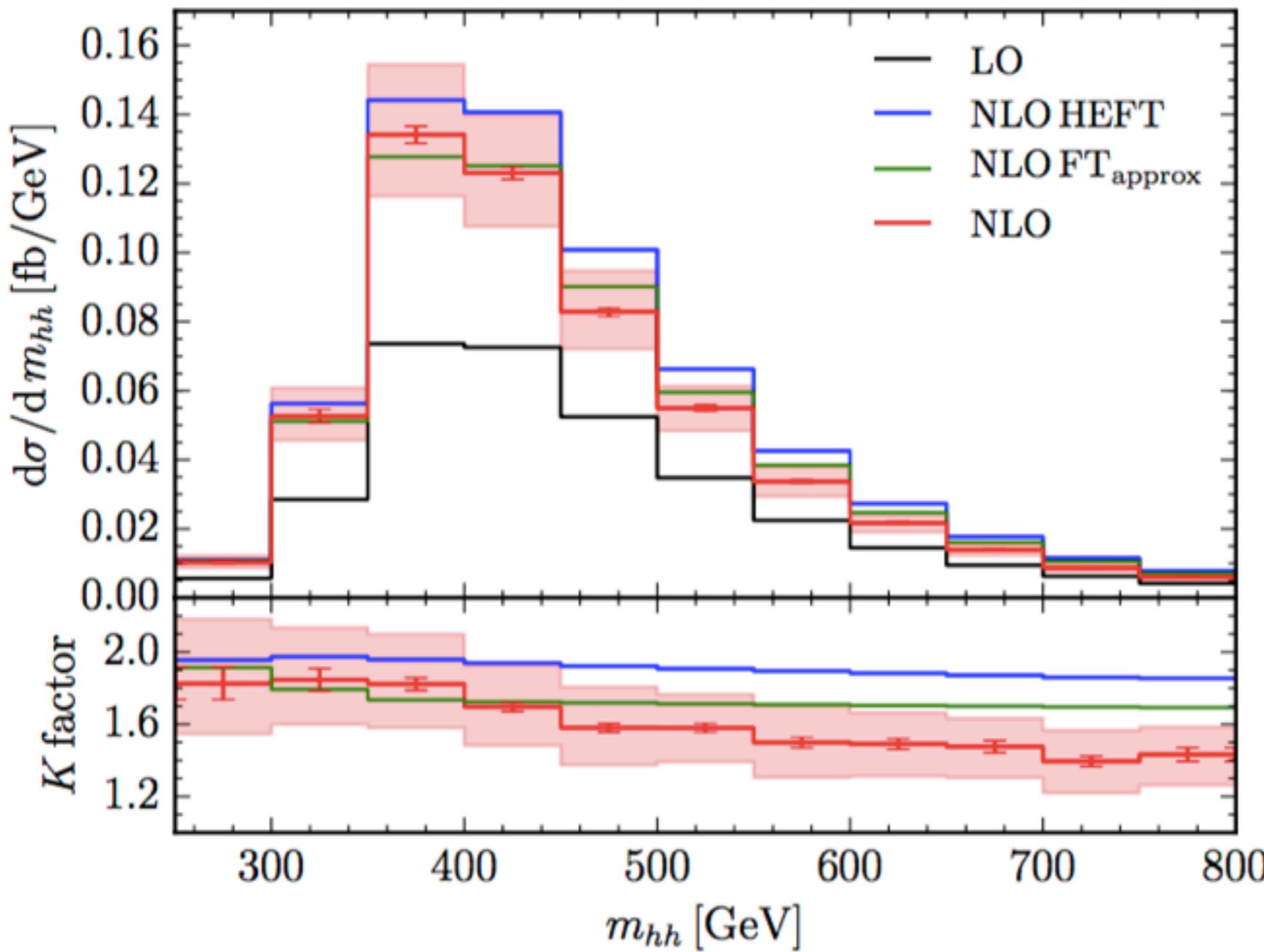


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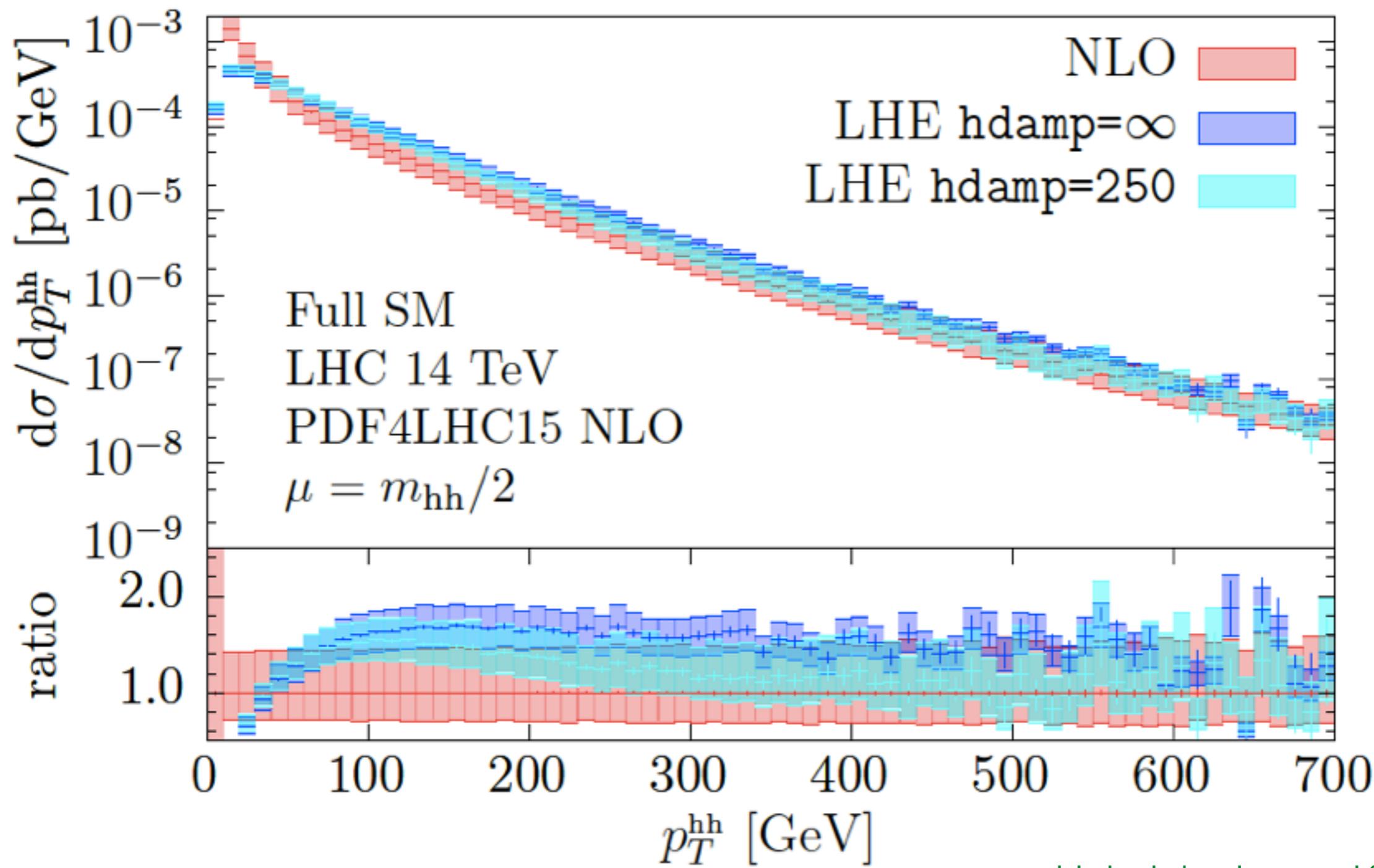
Boughezal, Caola, Melnikov,  
Petriello, Schulze '15

# $gg \rightarrow HH$ @ NLO (with top mass dependence):

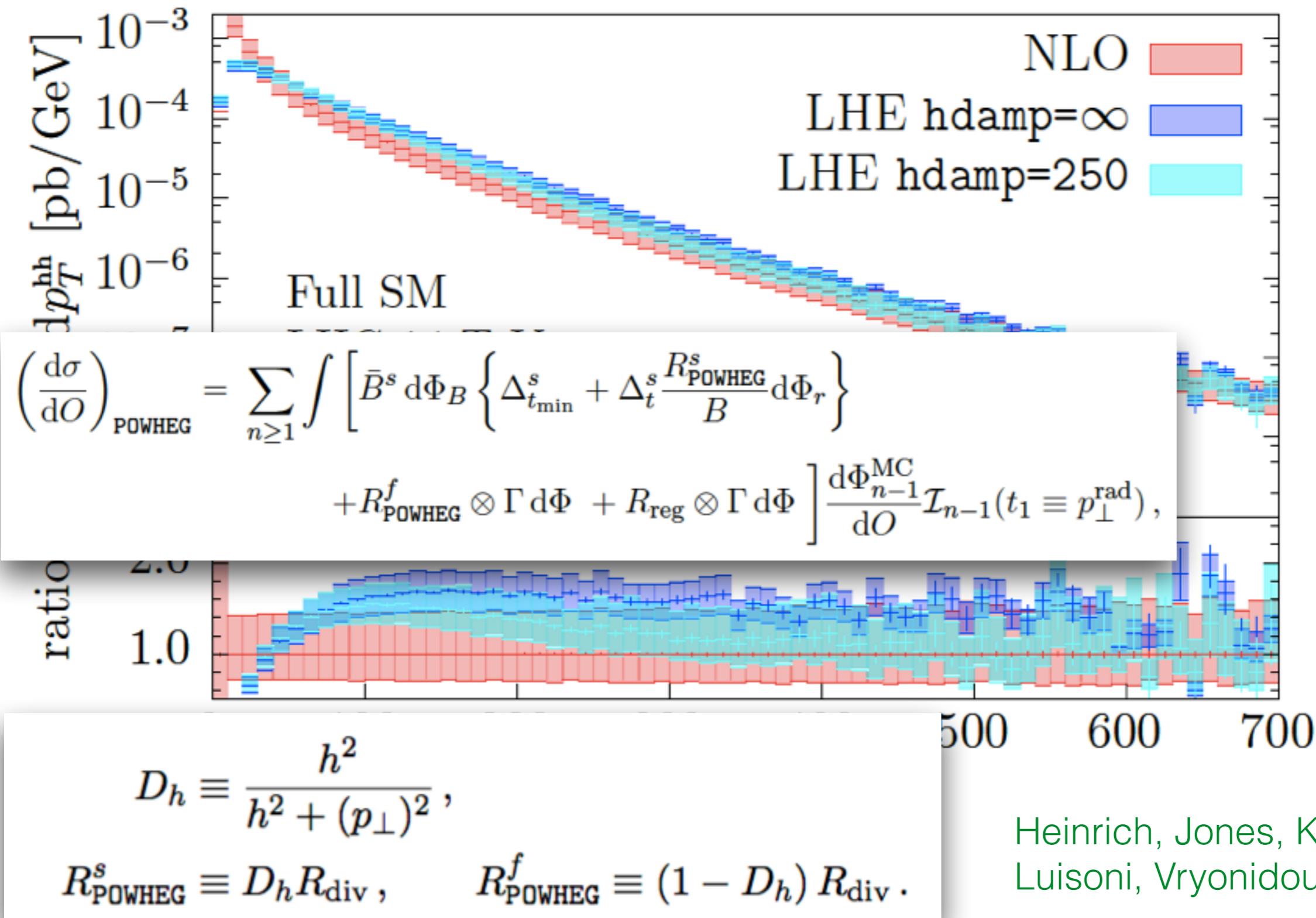


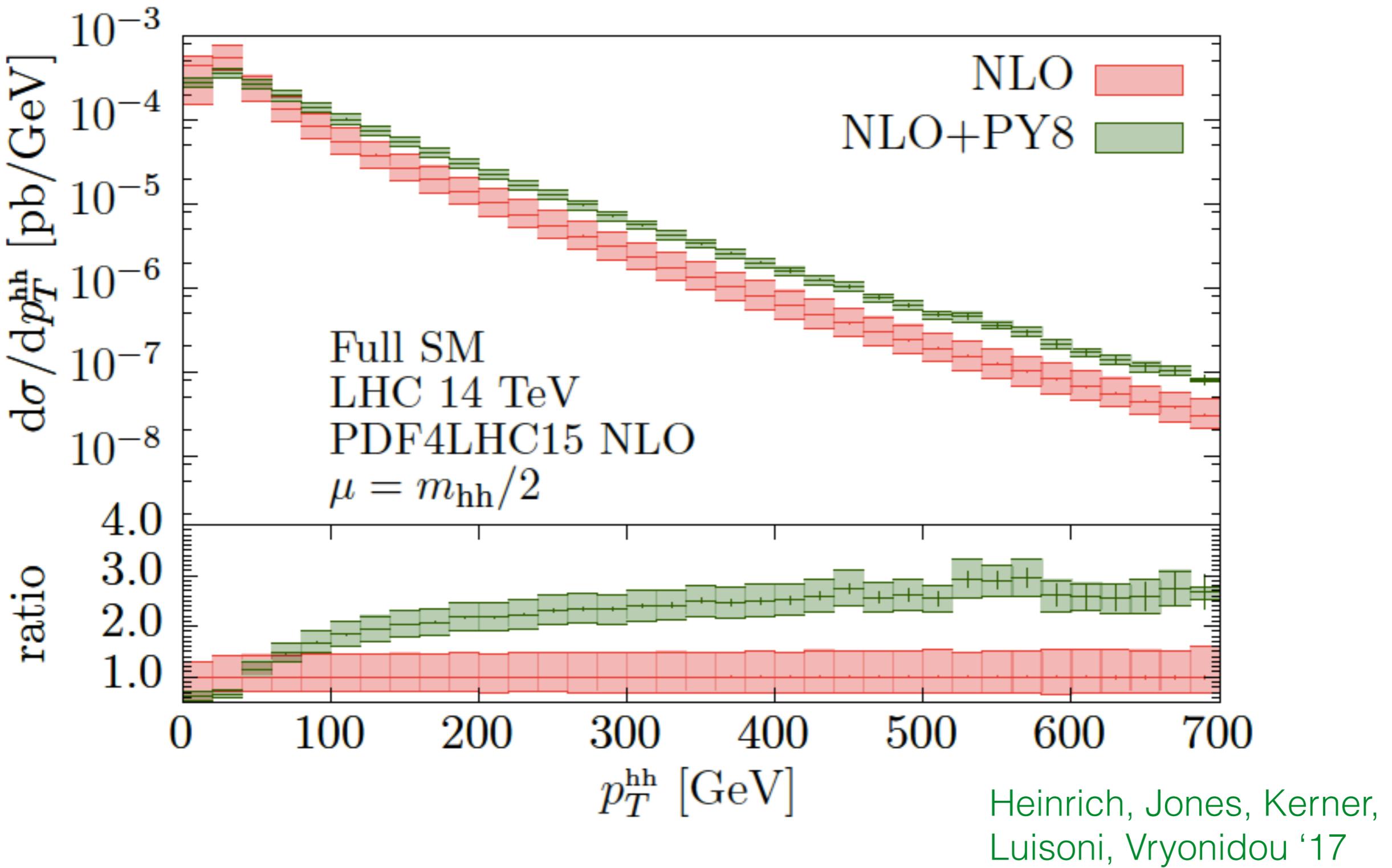
Borowka, Greiner,  
Heinrich, Jones, Kerner,  
Schlenk, Zirke '16

... with parton shower:

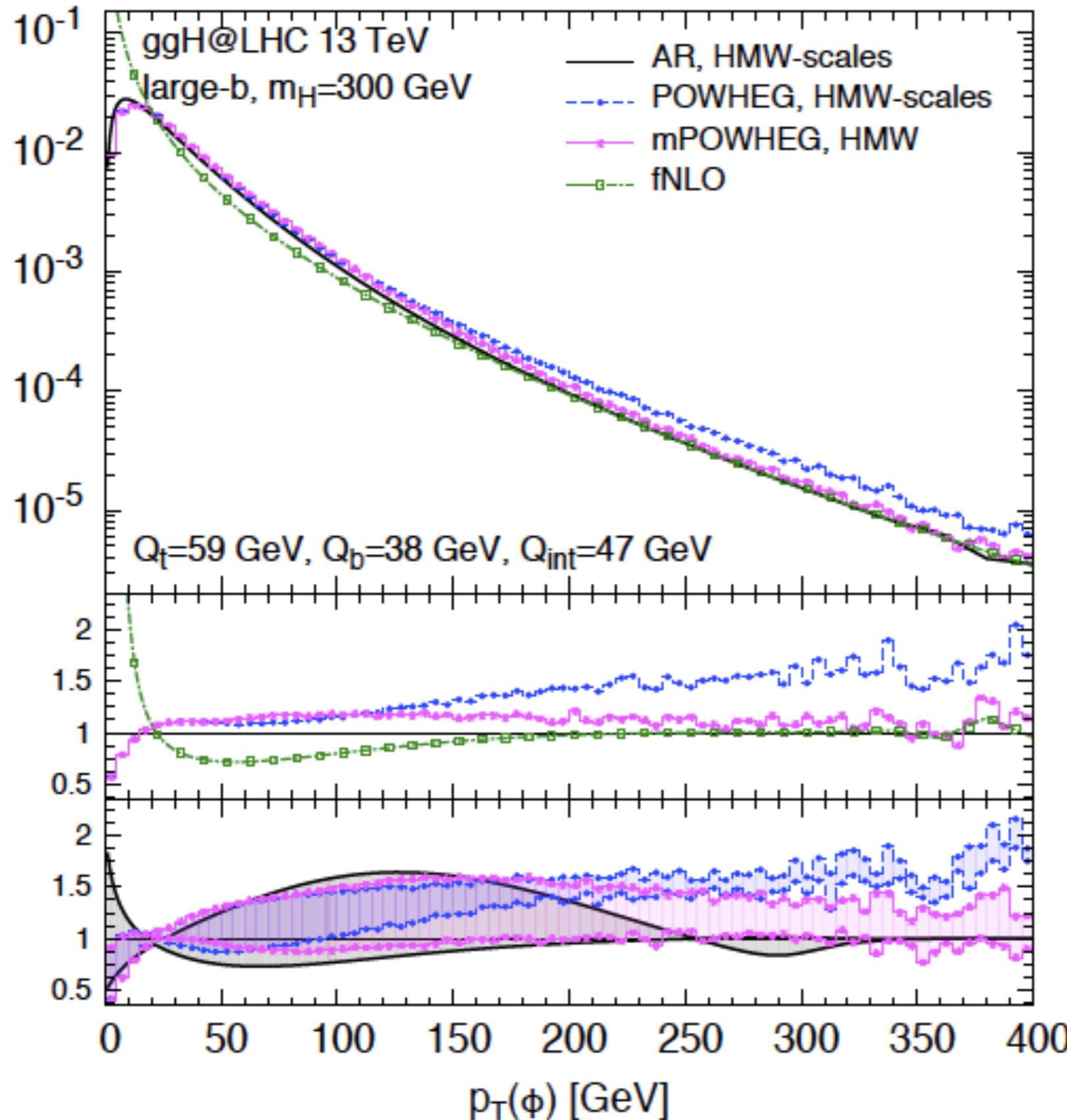


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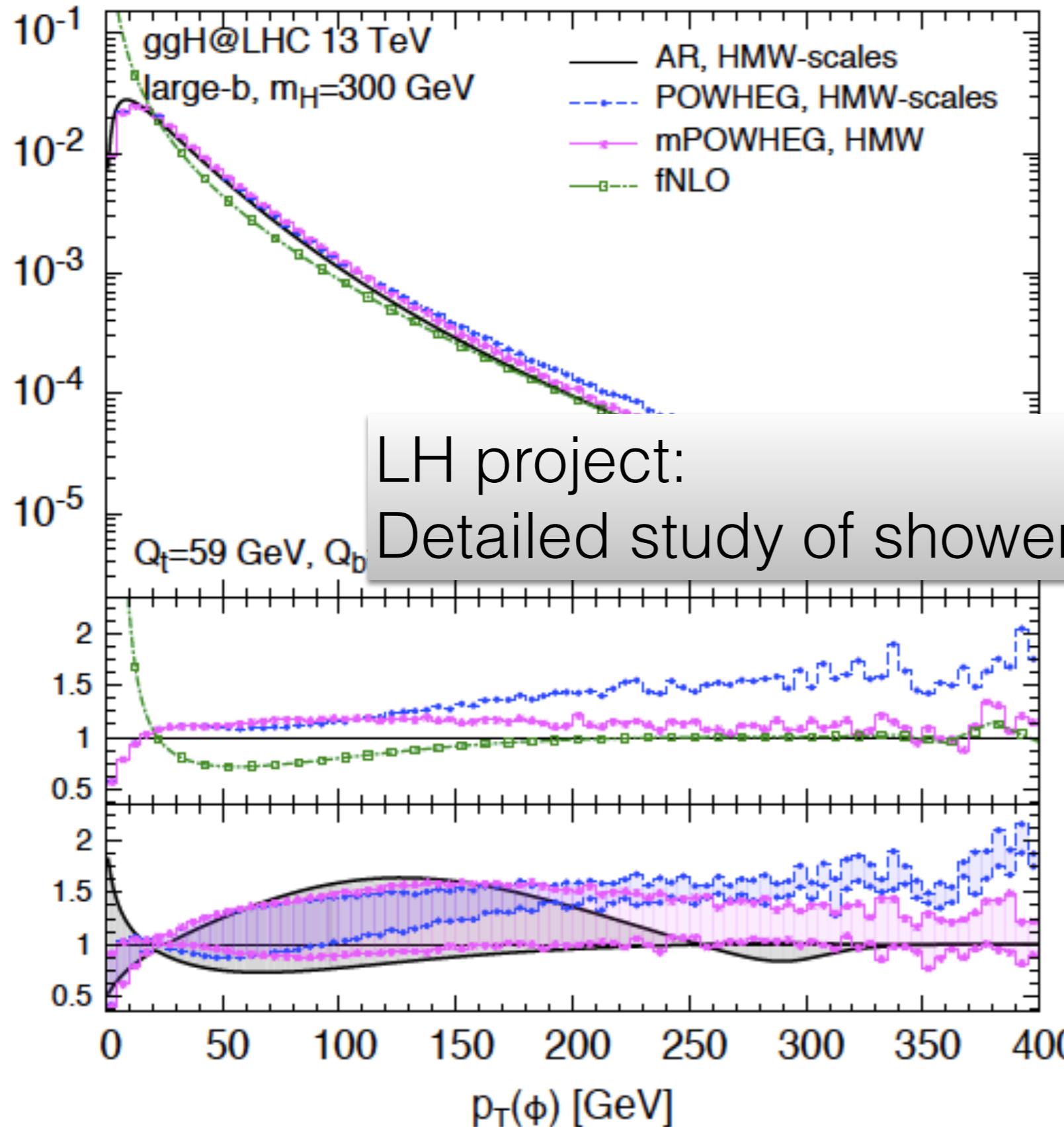


$d\sigma/dp_T(\phi) 1/\sigma [1/\text{GeV}]$



Bagnaschi, RH, Mantler,  
Vicini, Wiesemann '15

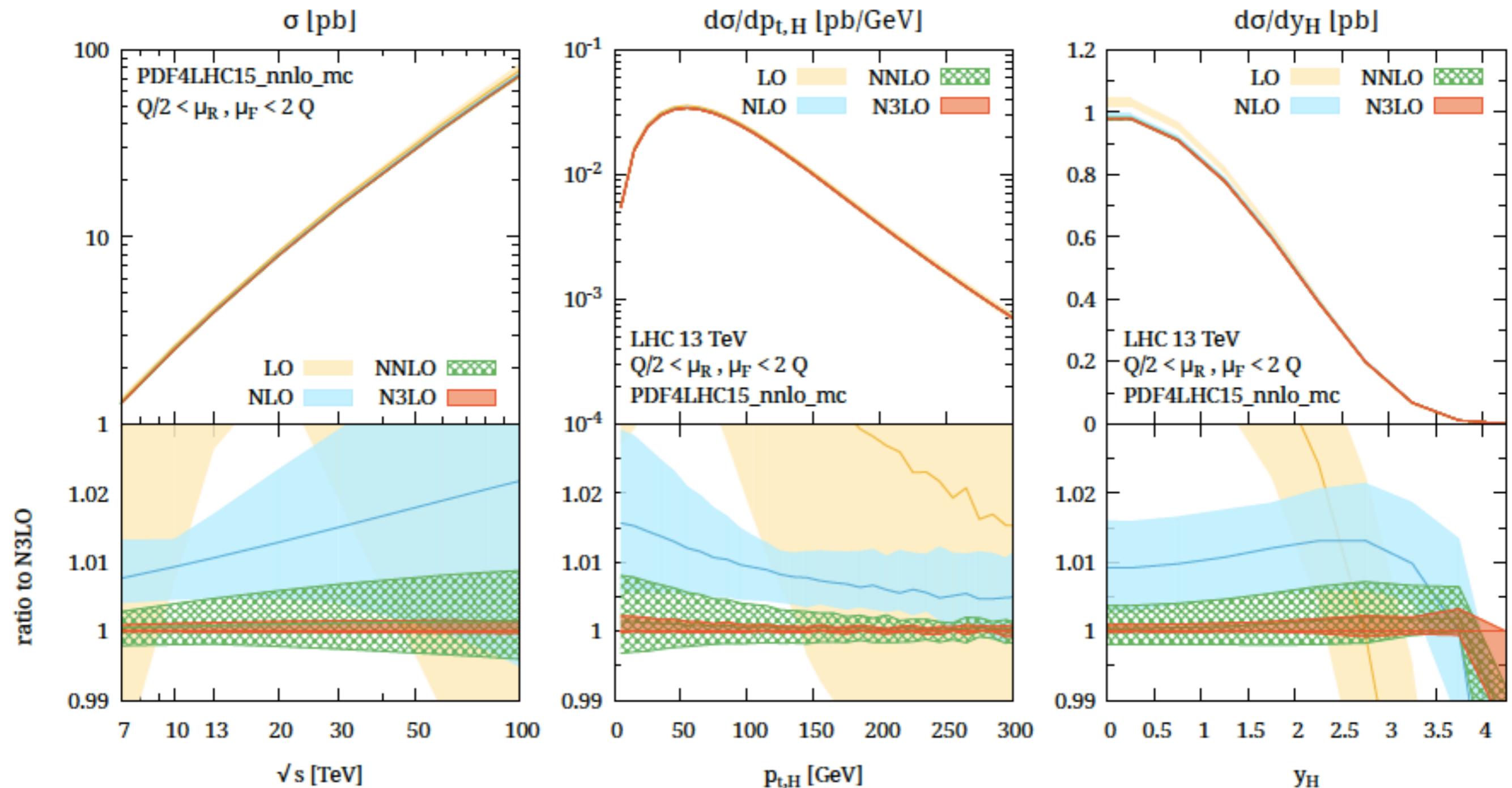
$d\sigma/dp_T(\phi) 1/\sigma$  [1/GeV]



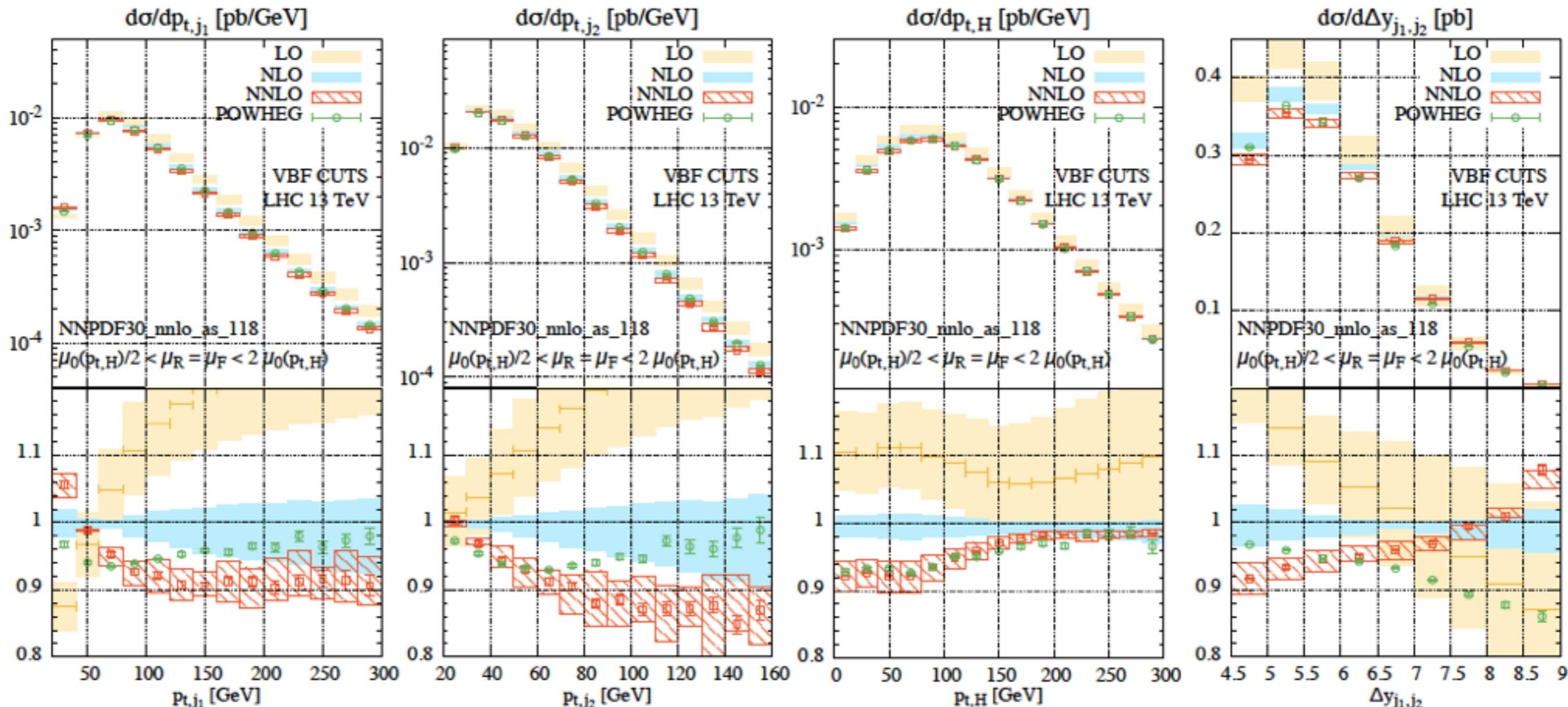
Bagnaschi, RH, Mantler,  
Vicini, Wiesemann '15

# VBF N<sup>3</sup>LO inclusive:

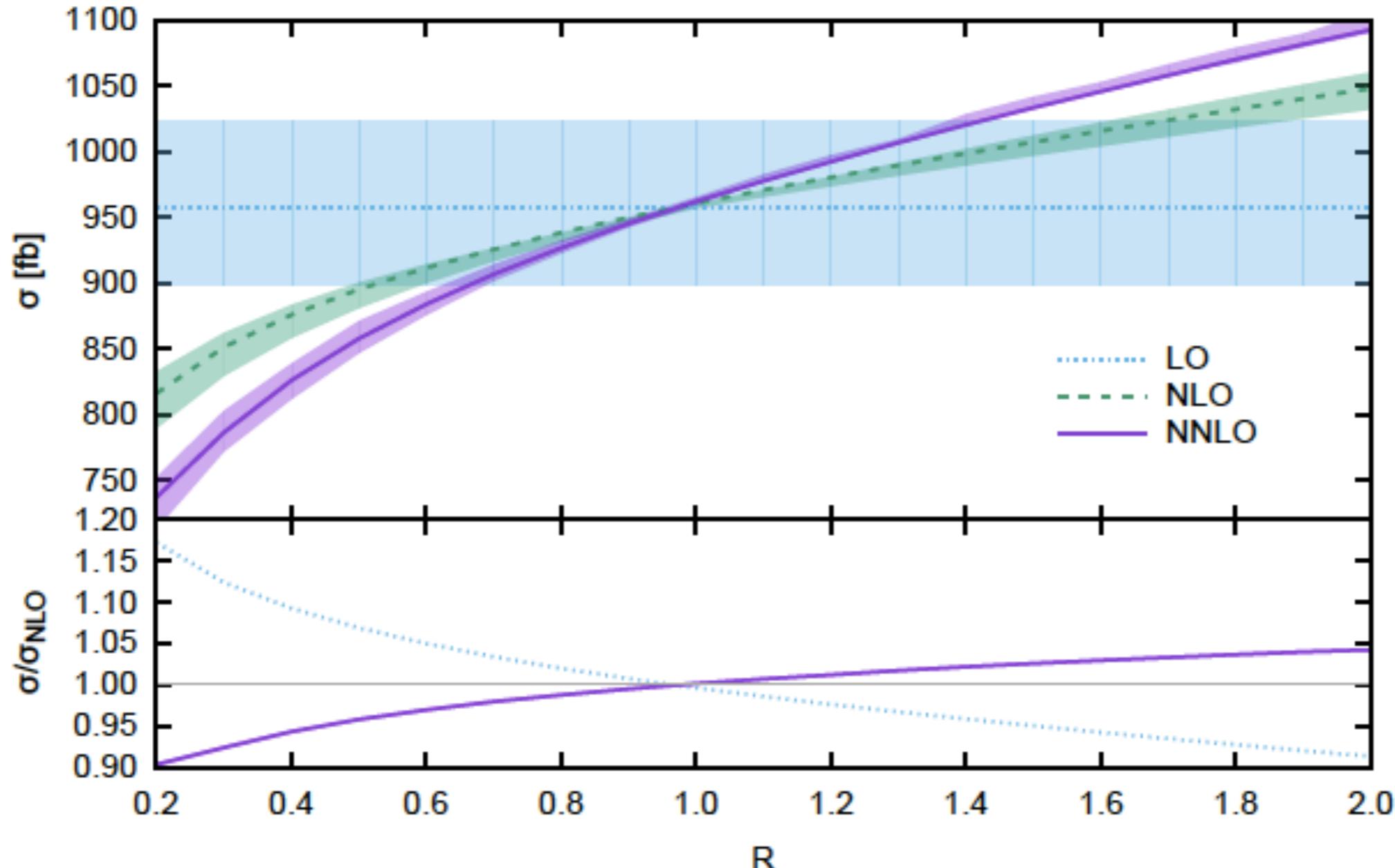
Dreyer, Karlberg '17



# NNLO VBF distributions: Cacciari, Dreyer, Karlberg, Salam, Zanderighi '15



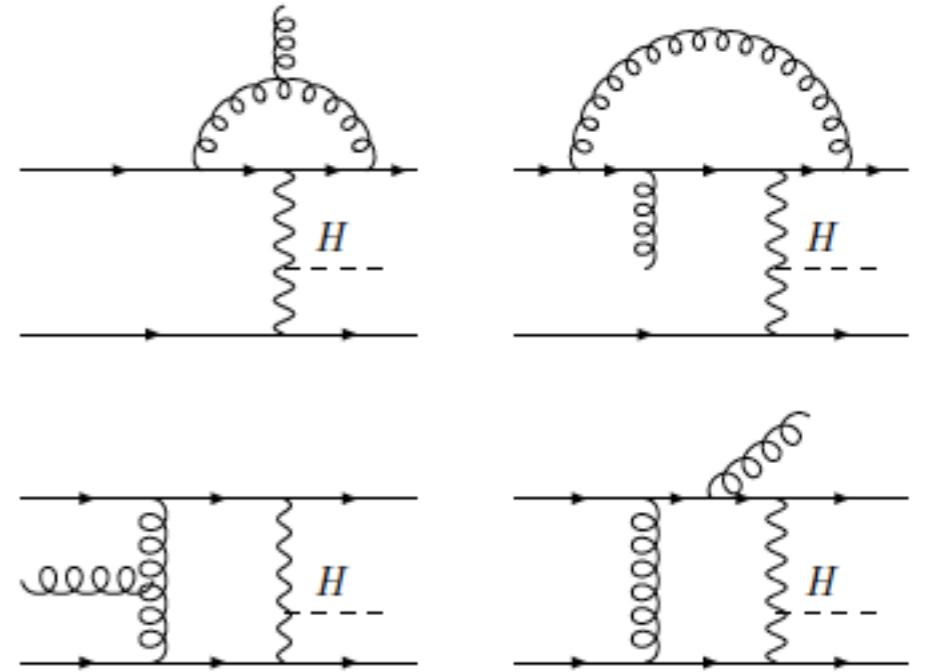
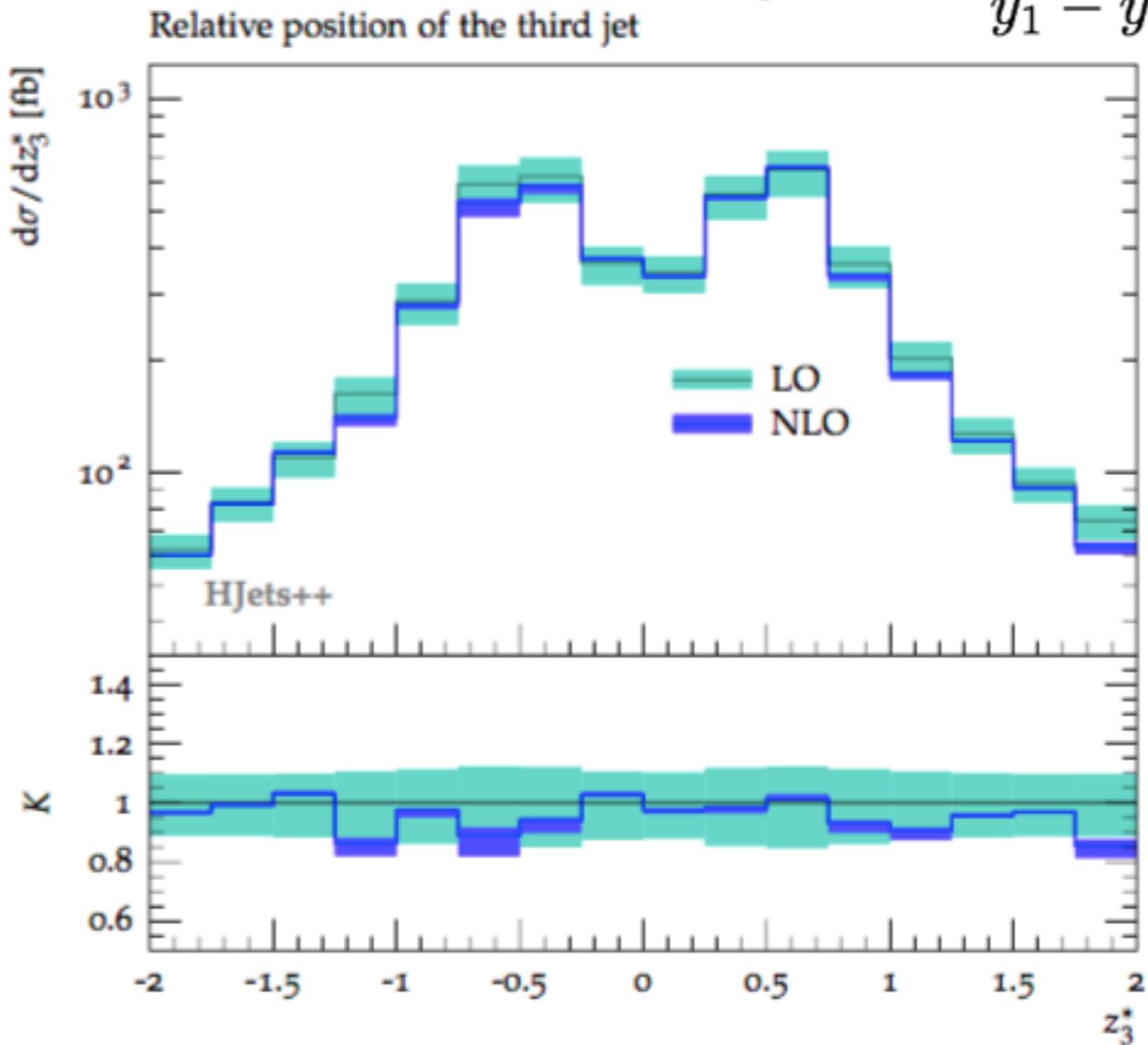
$$d\sigma_{Hjj}^{\text{NNLO}}(R, n) = d\sigma_{Hjj}^{\text{NNLO}}(R=0.4, n=-1) \underbrace{- d\sigma_{H3+}^{\text{NLO}}(R=0.4, n=-1) + d\sigma_{H3+}^{\text{NLO}}(R, n)}_{= \Delta(R, n)}.$$



Rauch, Zeppenfeld '17

# VBF+jet @ NLO

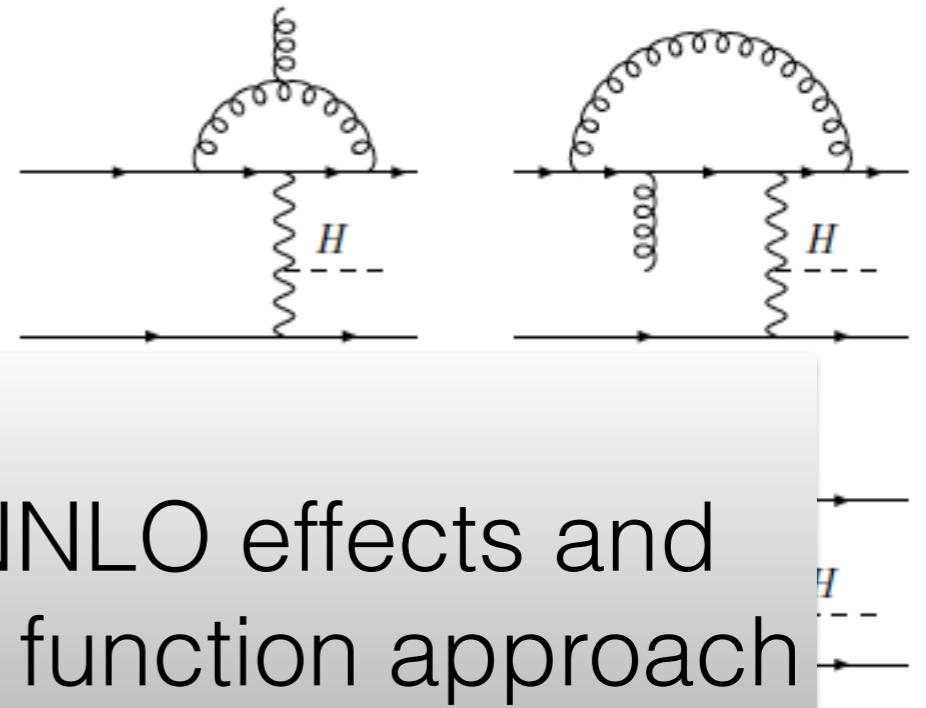
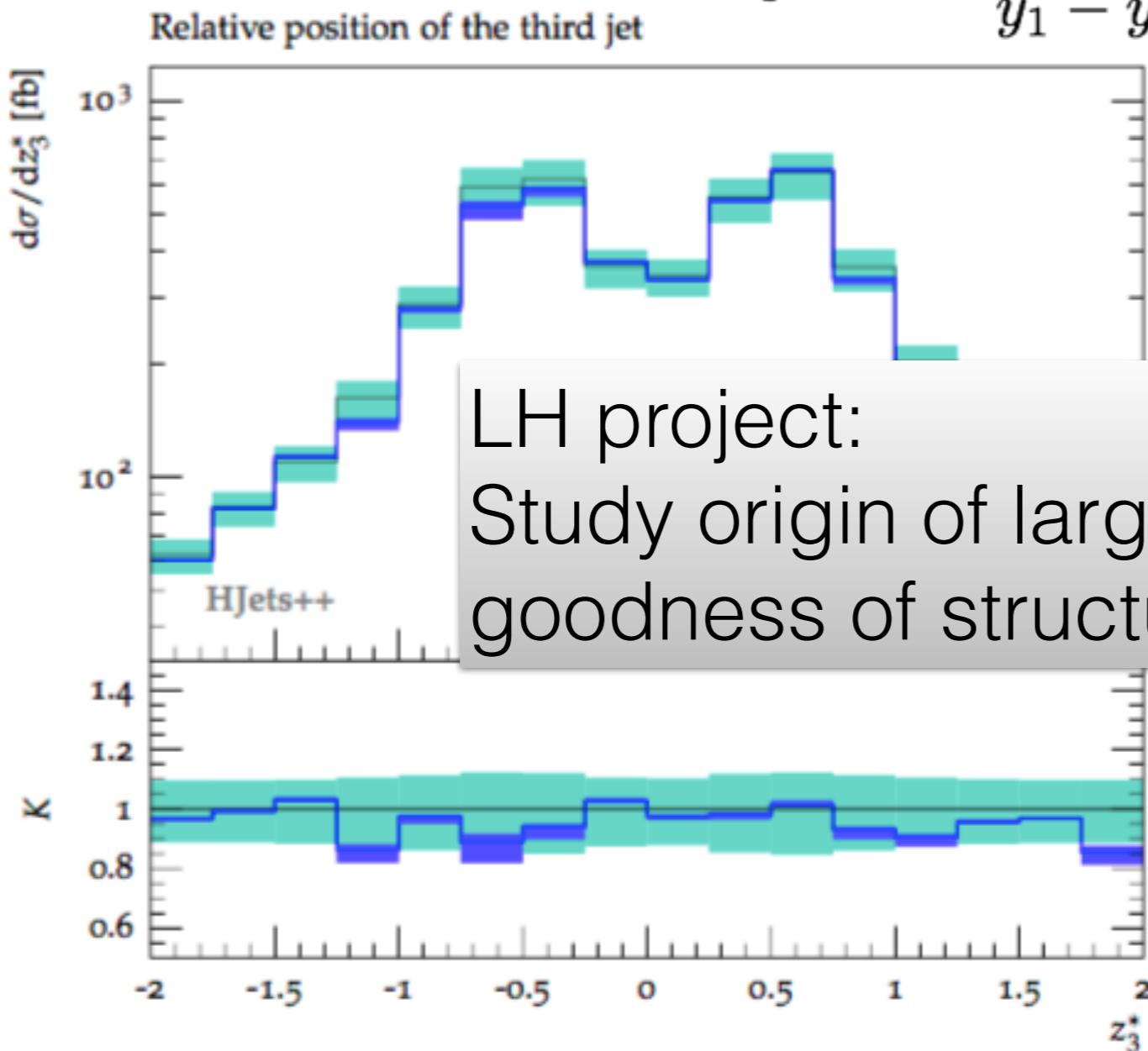
$$z_3^* = \frac{y_3 - (y_1 + y_2)/2}{y_1 - y_2}$$



Campanario, Figy,  
Plätzer, Sjödahl '13

# VBF+jet @ NLO

$$z_3^* = \frac{y_3 - (y_1 + y_2)/2}{y_1 - y_2}$$



Campanario, Figy,  
Plätzer, Sjödahl '13

# Off-shell Higgs:

## YR4 chapter (arXiv:1610.07922, 51 p.)

F. Caola, Y. Gao, NK, L. Soffi, J. Wang (eds.), A. Ballestrero, C. Becot, F. Bernlochner, H. Brun, A. Calandri, F. Campanario, F. Cerutti, D. de Florian, R. Di Nardo, L. Fayard, N. Fidanza, N. Greiner, A. V. Gritsan, G. Heinrich, B. Hespel, S. Höche, F. Krauss, Y. Li, S. Liebler, E. Maina, B. Mansoulié, C. O'Brien, S. Pozzorini, M. Rauch, J. Roskes, U. Sarica, M. Schulze, F. Siegert, P. Vanlaer, E. Vryonidou, G. Weiglein, M. Xiao, S. Yue

### I.8.3 $H \rightarrow VV$ modes ( $V = W, Z$ )

I.8.3.1 Input parameters and recommendations for the QCD scale and the order of the gluon PDF

I.8.3.2 Off-shell and interference benchmark cross sections and distributions: Standard Model

I.8.3.3 Off-shell and interference benchmark cross sections and distributions: 1-Higgs Singlet Model

I.8.3.4 Multijet merging effects in  $gg \rightarrow \ell\bar{\nu}_\ell \bar{\ell}'\nu_{\ell'}$  using SHERPA

I.8.3.5 Study of higher-order QCD corrections in the  $gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow VV$  process

I.8.3.6 Higgs boson off-shell simulation with the MCFM and JHU generator frameworks

I.8.3.7 Interference contributions to gluon-initiated heavy Higgs production in the 2HDM using GoSAM

### I.8.4 $gg \rightarrow VV$ at NLO QCD

I.8.4.1 The status of theoretical predictions

I.8.4.2 Brief description of the NLO computation for  $gg \rightarrow 4l$

I.8.4.3 Results and recommendation for the  $gg (\rightarrow H) \rightarrow ZZ$  interference  $K$ -factor

### I.8.5 $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ mode

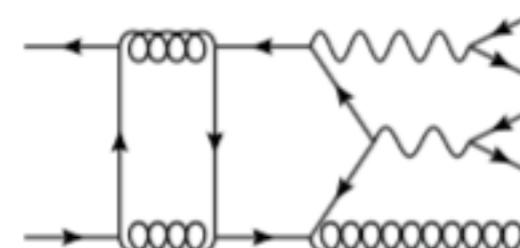
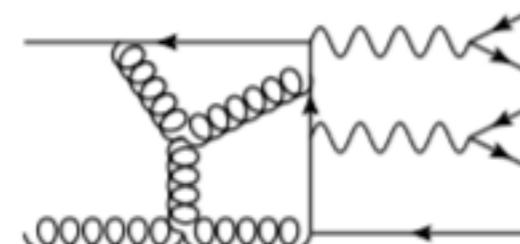
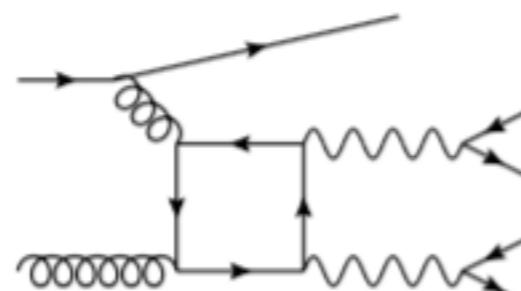
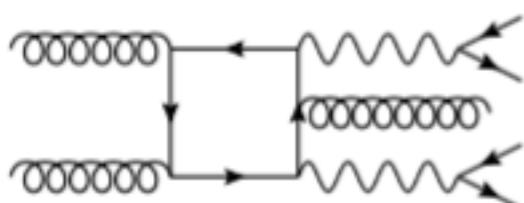
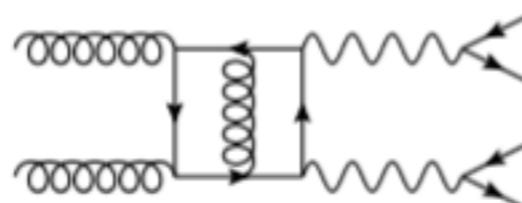
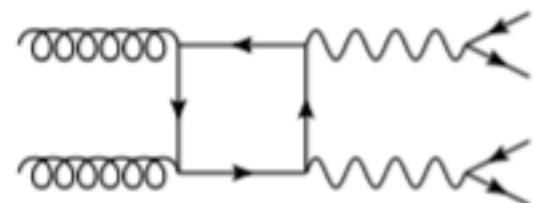
I.8.5.1 Theory overview, I.8.5.2 Monte Carlo interference implementations

I.8.5.3 Studies from ATLAS

## Future directions and discussion points

- Tools: high-mass NLO  $gg \rightarrow VV$  (exact?) matched/merged with PS  
→ public event generators for experimental studies  
(HERWIG7, MG5\_AMC, POWHEG, SHERPA, ...)
- Comparing NLO+PS with. (merged) LO+PS predictions
- $qg$  effects at NLO (overlap with  $pp \rightarrow VV$  @ N<sup>3</sup>LO)
- finite top mass corrections
- EW corrections
- BSM/EFT constraints

e.g.  $gg \rightarrow ZZ$   $\times$   $gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow ZZ$

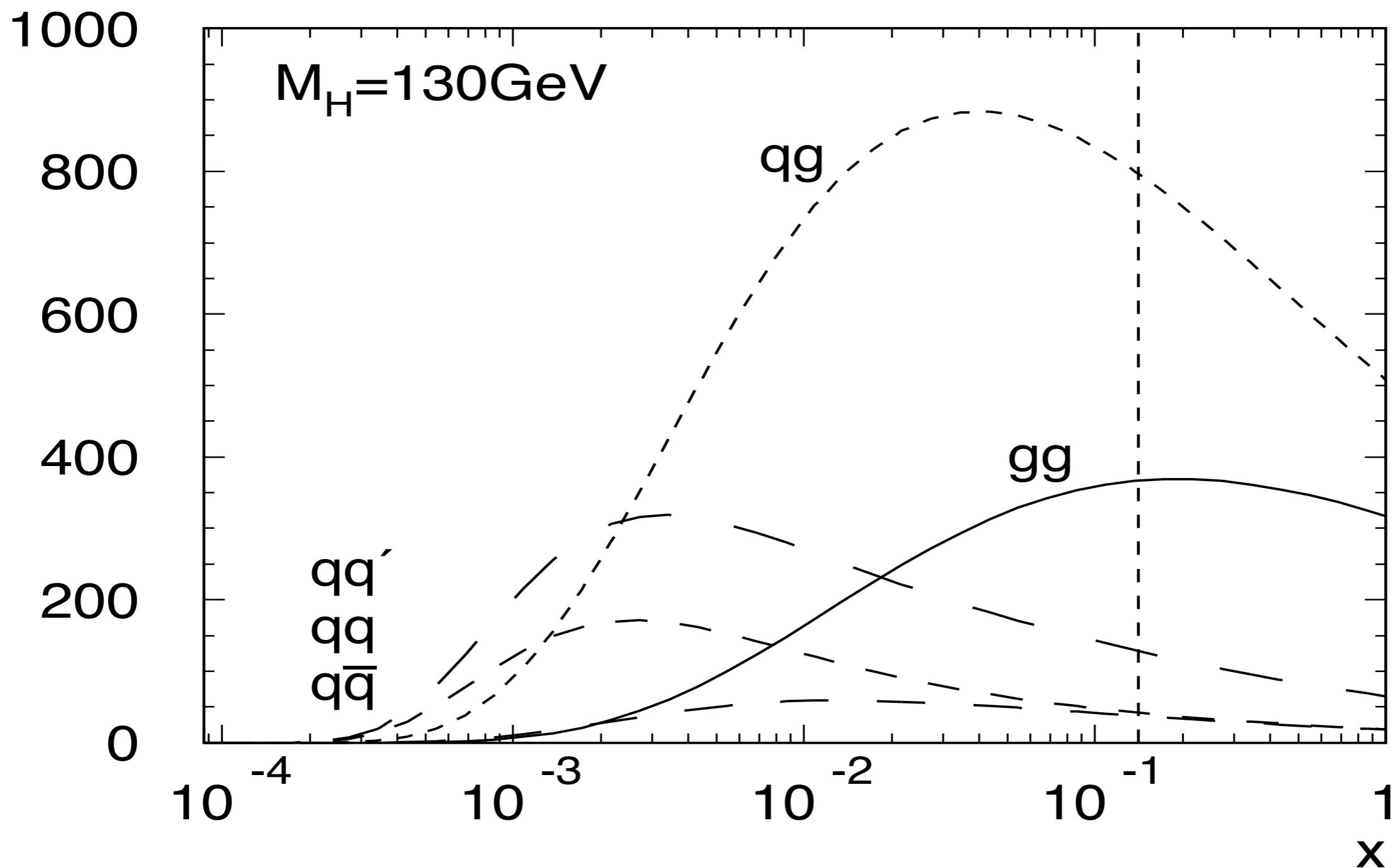


see Alioli, Caola, Luisoni, Röntsch '16

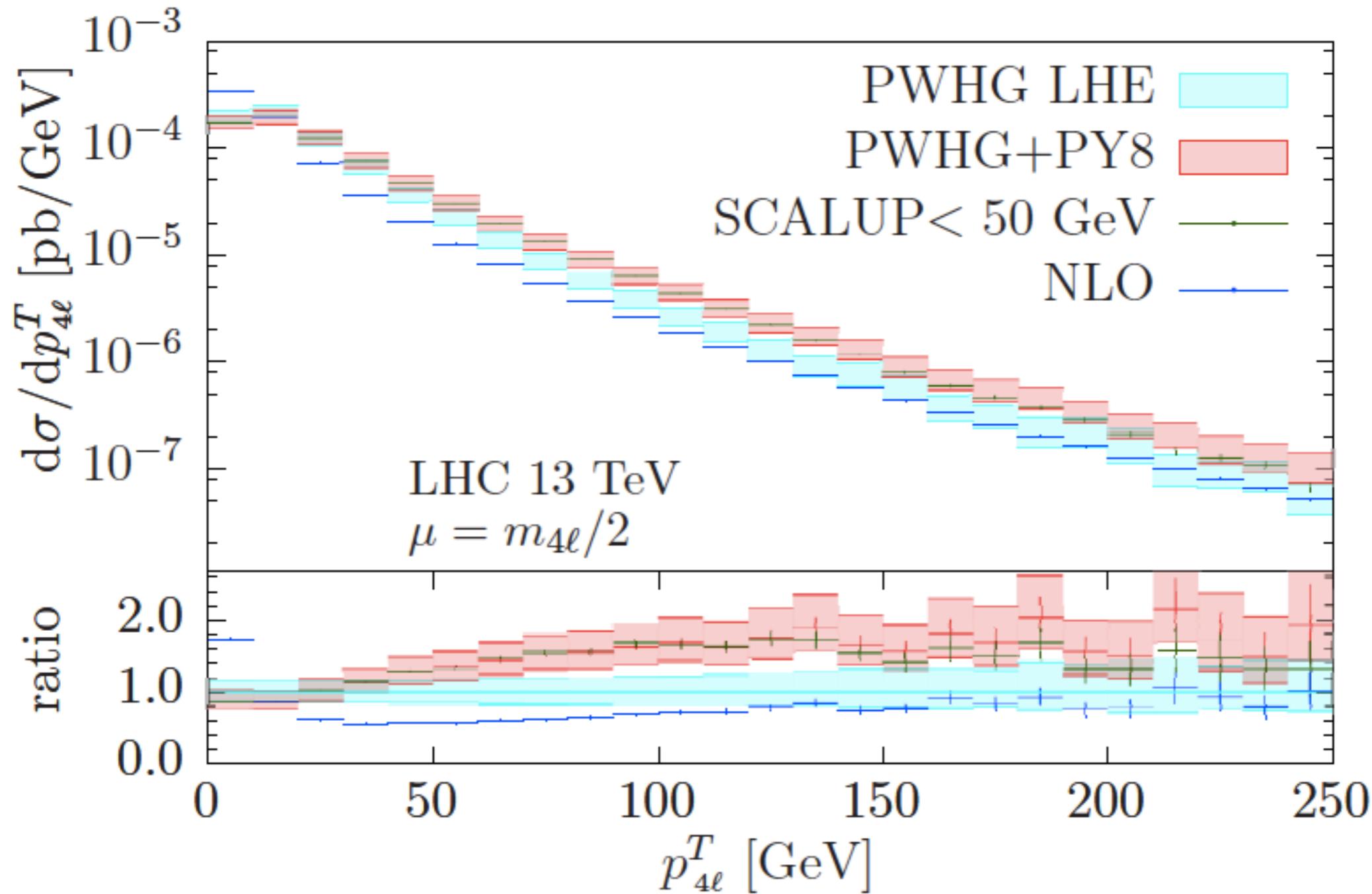
?

$$\sigma_{\alpha\beta}(z, \tau, l_F) = \int_z^1 d\omega \boxed{\mathcal{E}_{\alpha\beta}(\omega, \mu_F)} \hat{\sigma}_{\alpha\beta}(z/\omega, \tau, l_F)$$

$$\sigma_{\alpha\beta}(z, \tau, l_F) = \int_z^1 d\omega \mathcal{E}_{\alpha\beta}(\omega, \mu_F) \hat{\sigma}_{\alpha\beta}(z/\omega, \tau, l_F)$$

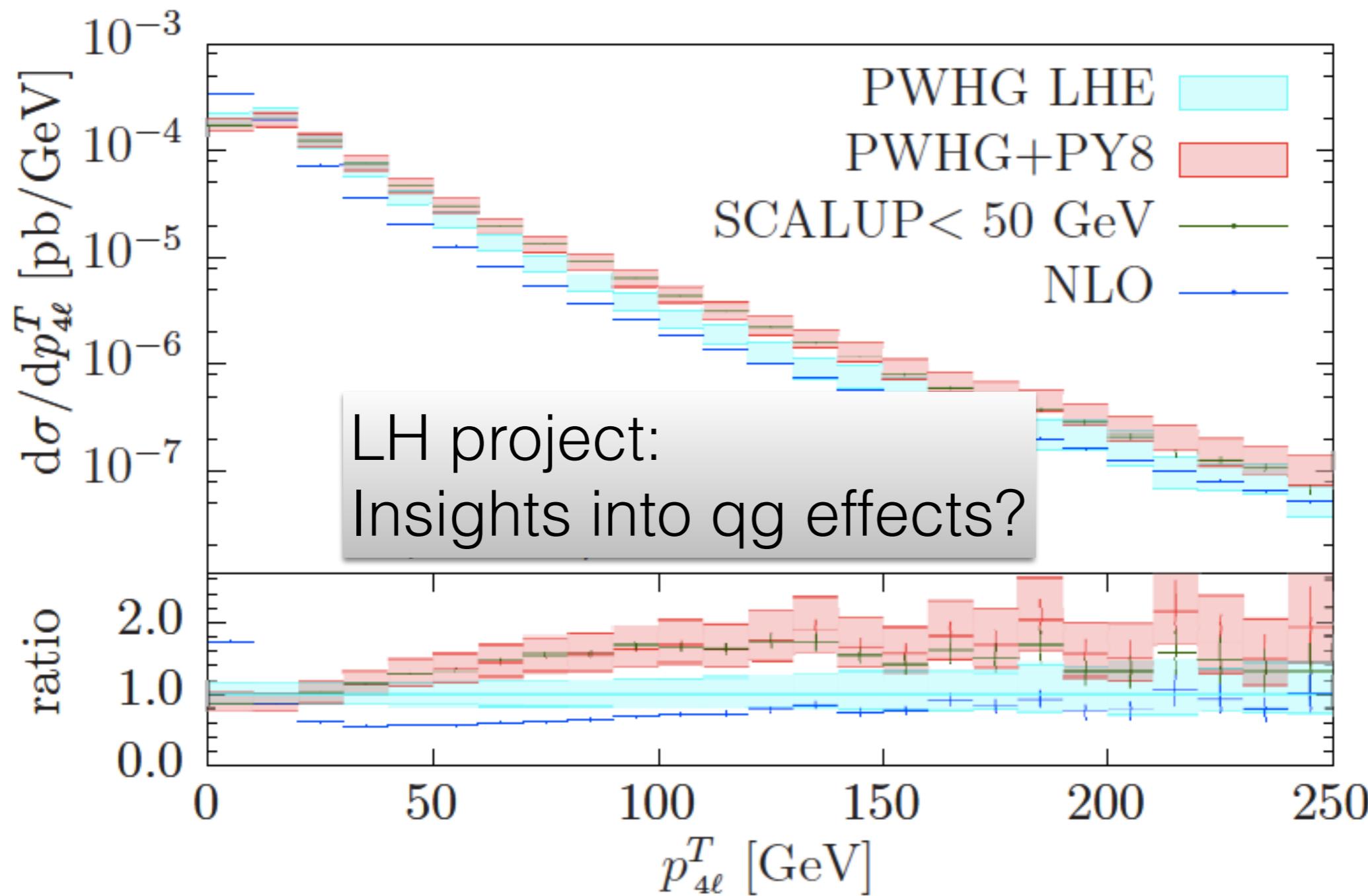


# gg $\rightarrow$ ZZ @ NLO



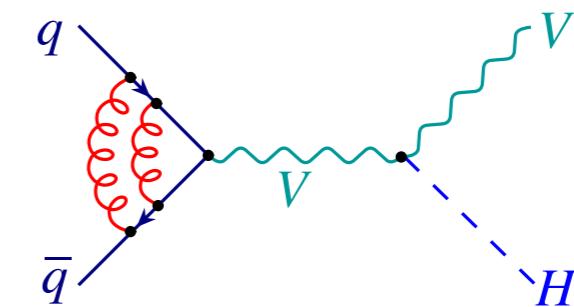
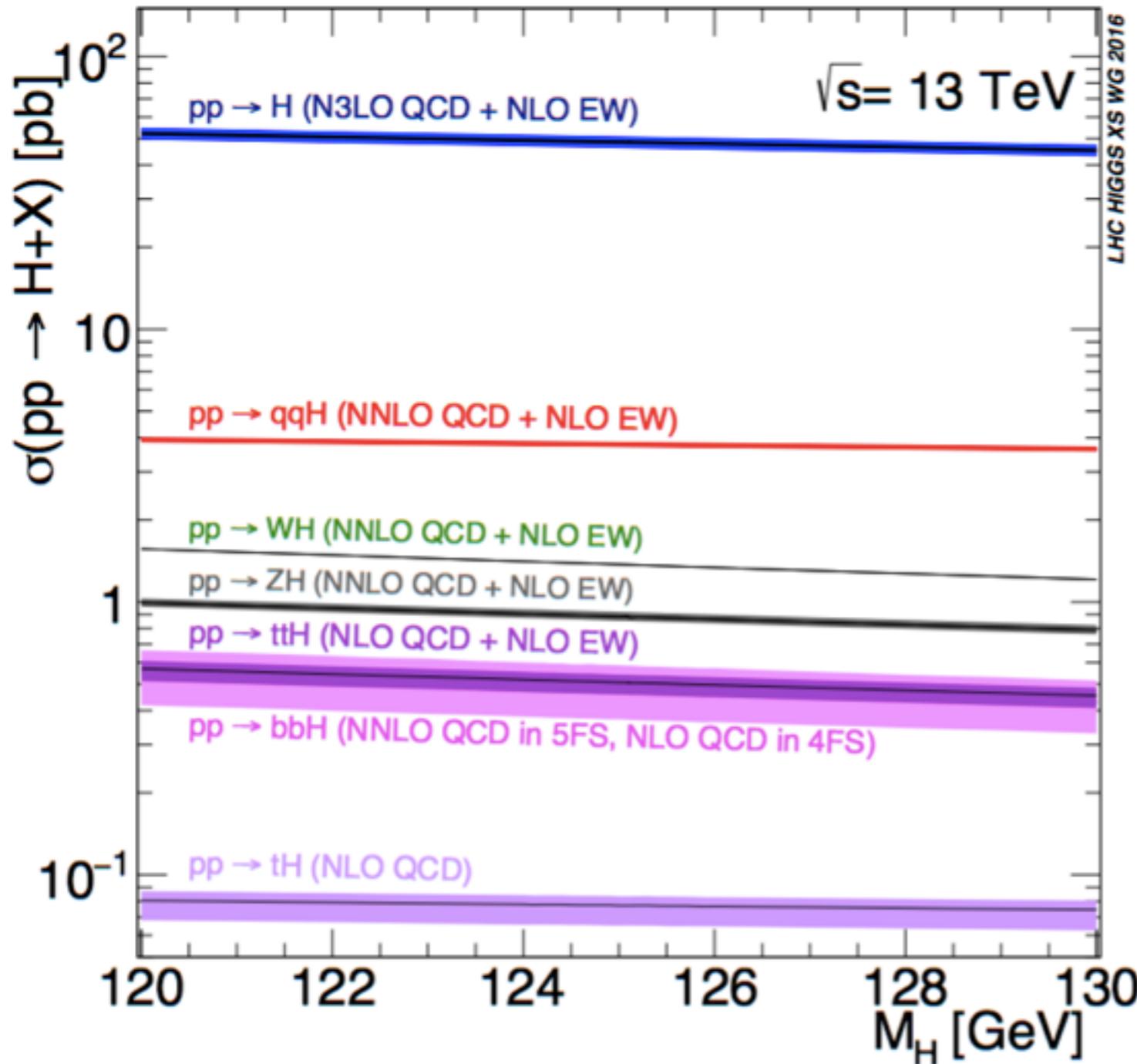
Alioli, Caola, Luisoni, Röntsch '16

# $gg \rightarrow ZZ @ NLO$

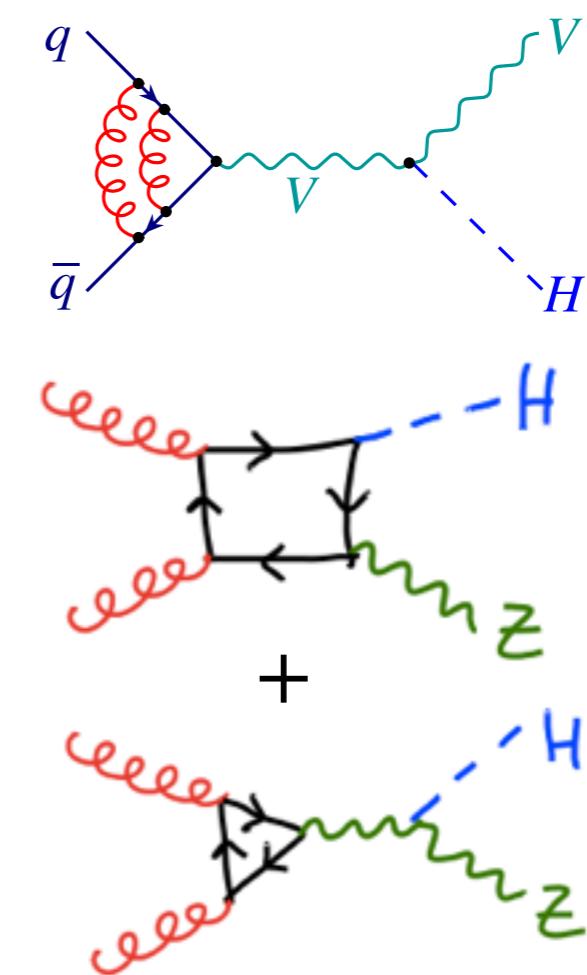
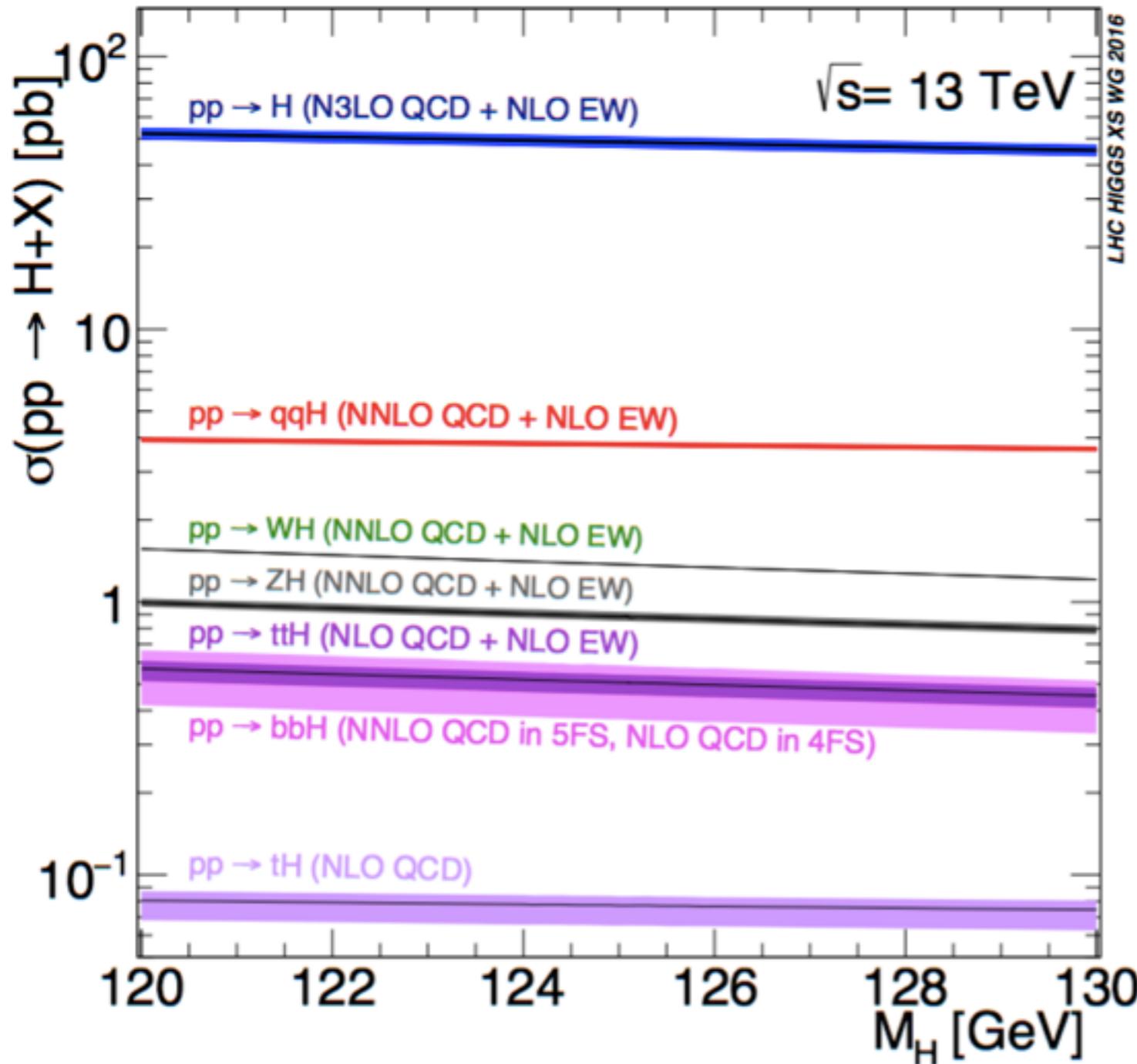


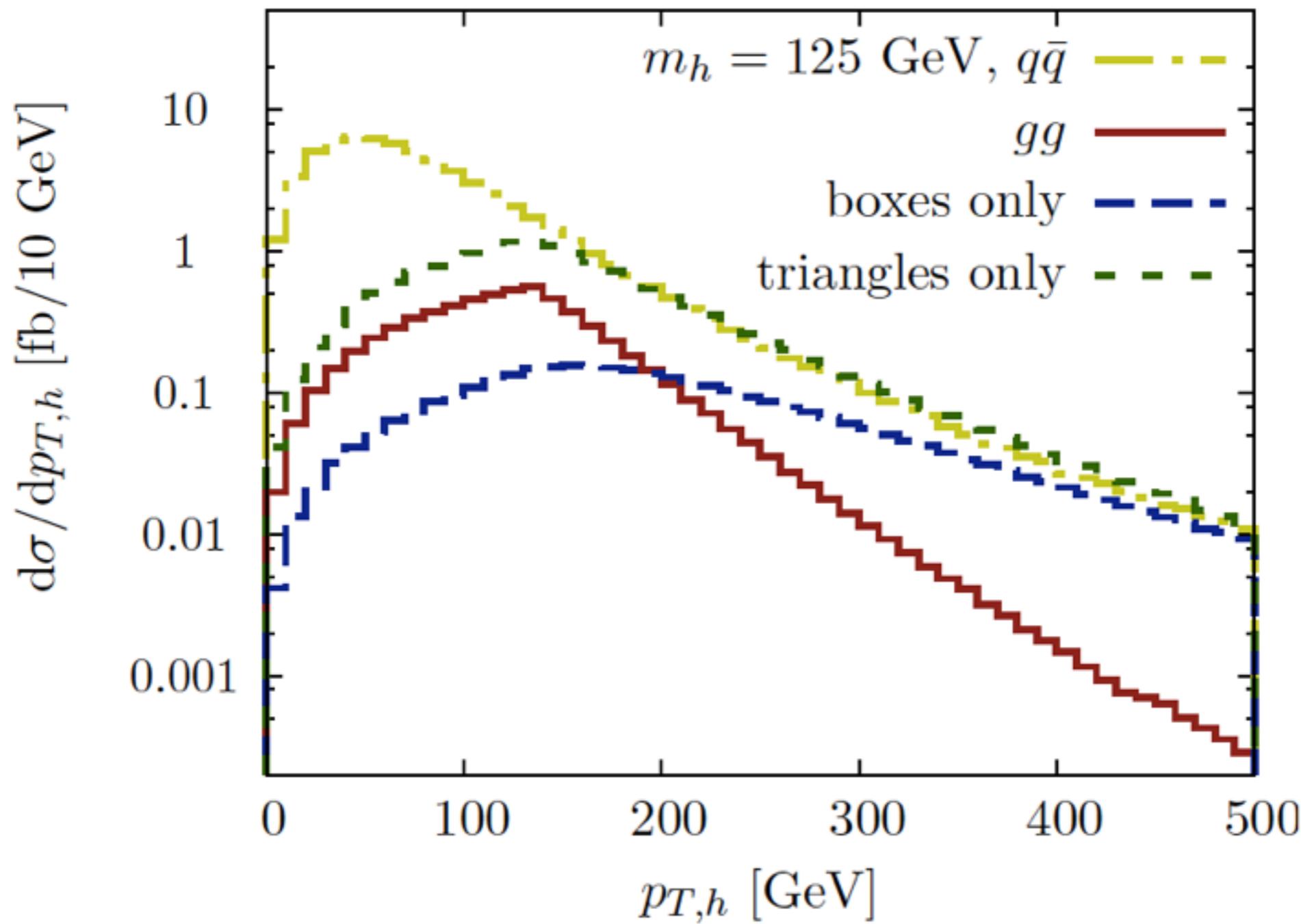
Alioli, Caola, Luisoni, Röntsch '16

$gg \rightarrow HZ:$



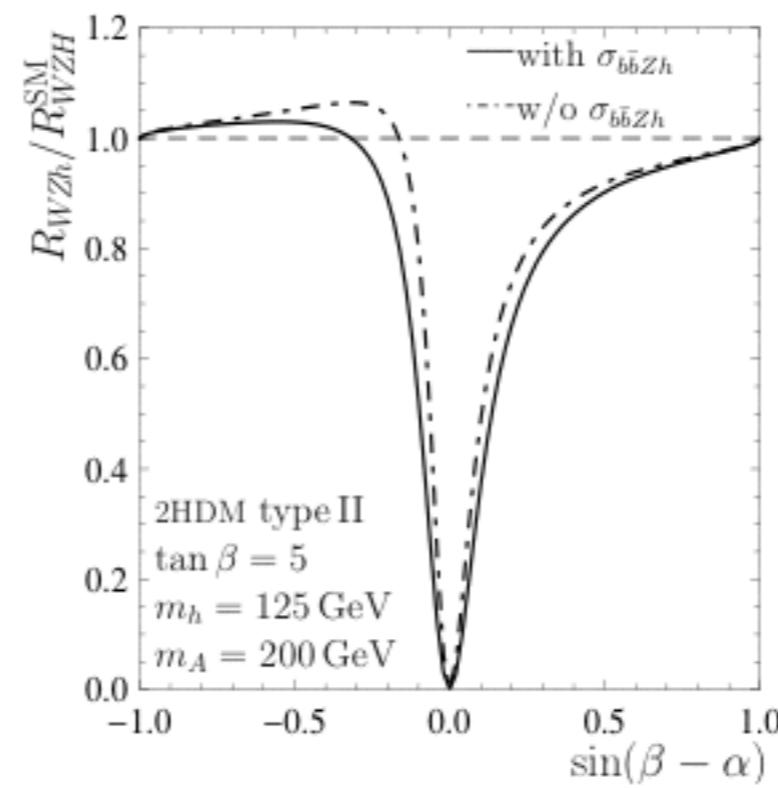
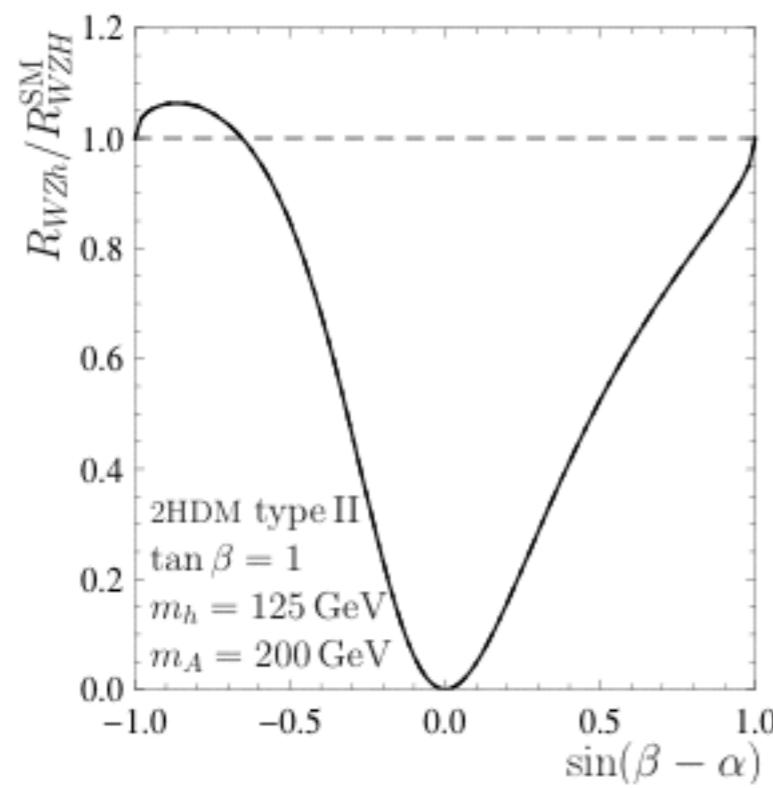
$gg \rightarrow HZ:$





Englert, McCullough, Spannowsky '14

consider ratio:  $\sigma_{WH}/\sigma_{ZH}$

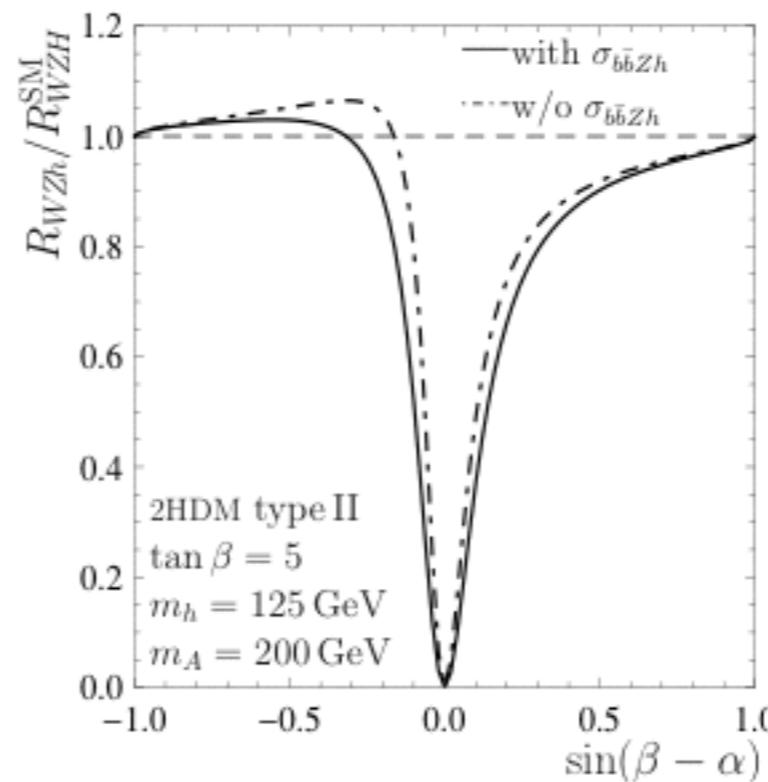
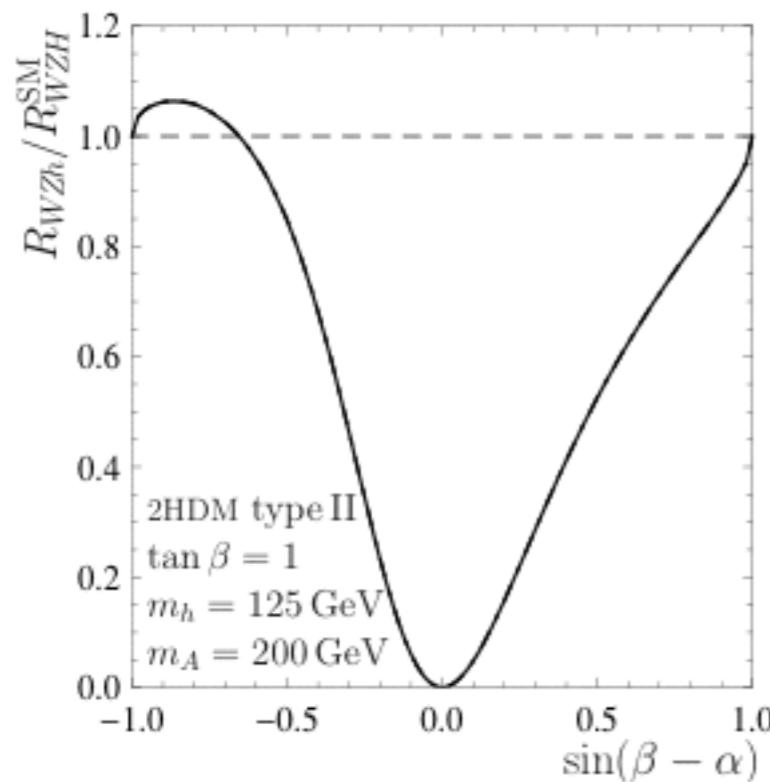


2HDM

RH, Liebler, Zirke '14

consider ratio:  $\sigma_{W\!H}/\sigma_{Z\!H}$

- very weak dependence on PDFs
- very weak dependence on  $\alpha_s$
- reduced experimental uncertainties?

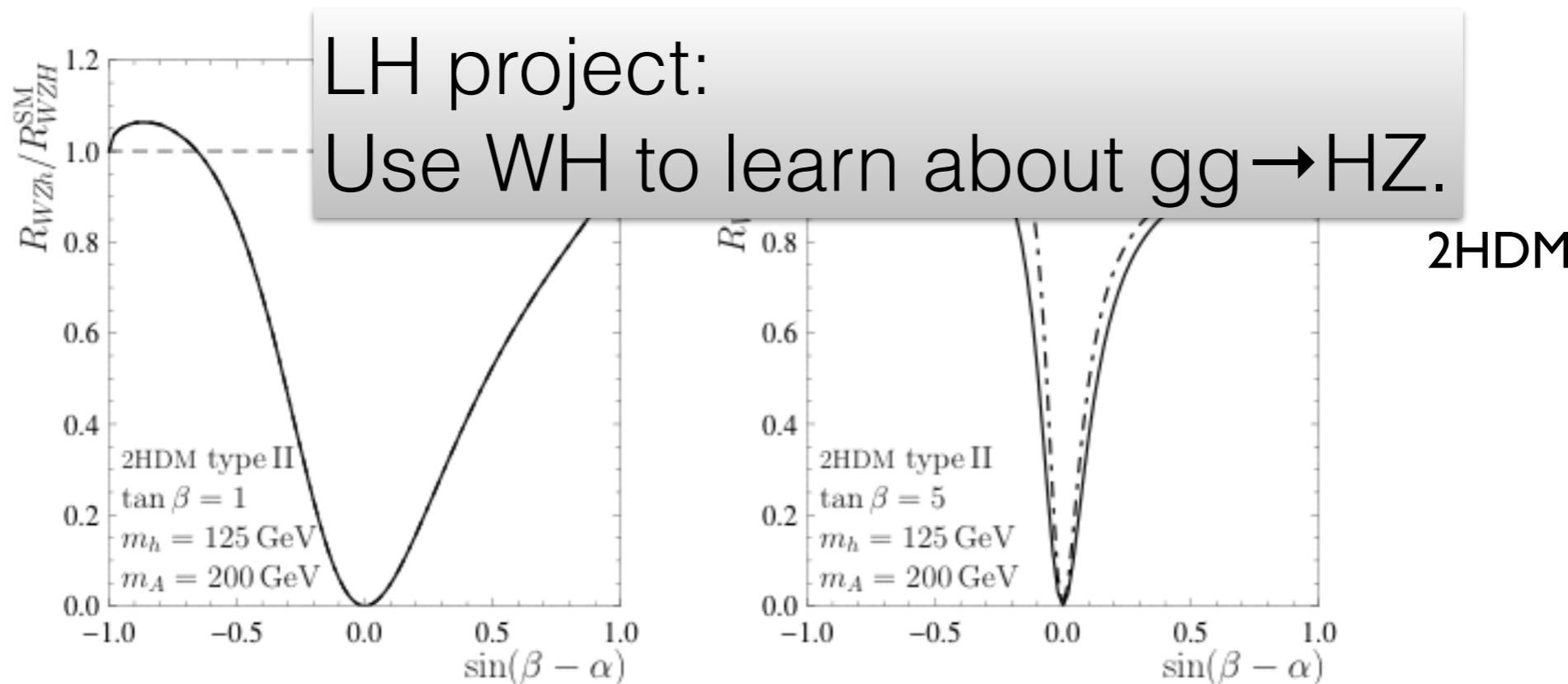


2HDM

RH, Liebler, Zirke '14

consider ratio:  $\sigma_{\text{WH}}/\sigma_{\text{ZH}}$

- very weak dependence on PDFs
- very weak dependence on  $\alpha_s$
- reduced experimental uncertainties?



RH, Liebler, Zirke '14

Thanks to all who contributed!

Thanks to all who contributed!  
Even more thanks to all who *will* contribute!

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Most thanks to Fawzi + organizers for  
bringing us all together at Les Houches!